CITY OF DAYTON, WASHINGTON

DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS, SPECIFICATIONS, AND STANDARD PLANS

2008 REVISED JUNE 2015

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Flood Hazard Development Permit Application

Critical Area Permit Application

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Developer's Warranty of Project

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Section 1 - Introduction/Purpose

CITY OF DAYTON, WASHINGTON PUBLIC WORKS STANDARDS 2008

These City of Dayton Development Standards, Specifications, and Standard Plans have been prepared by Anderson Perry & Associates, Inc., for exclusive use within the City of Dayton. The standards are intended to be general in nature and set minimum guidance for projects within the City.

The purpose of this document is to provide guidelines to establish uniform specifications and design standards for streets, water, sewer, and storm drain work. These specifications and design standards shall be used by the City's Public Works Division, developers, contractors, engineers, architects, homeowners, and others engaged in construction or repairs throughout the City of Dayton.

All users of these documents on projects within the City shall supplement these documents as needed to adapt their use for the specific project for which they will be used. Project specific plans and specifications incorporating applicable sections of these standards shall be stamped and signed by the responsible Engineer and shall be submitted to the City of Dayton for review prior to their use on a project within the City.

These 2008 City of Dayton Development Standards, Specifications, and Standard Plans are valid until modified or replaced by the City.

Section 2 - Development Standards

2.1 General

All public and private development within the City of Dayton shall conform to these Development Standards. The City of Dayton may waive any of these requirements or require additional requirements based on the specific needs of a particular project.

2.2 Development Requirements

Anyone interested in developing a public or private project within the City shall contact City staff at City Hall and set up a pre-application conference. A brief description of the project, a general sketch/vicinity map and desired schedule shall be presented at the meeting. City staff will then outline the process, fees, and explain which of the following items will be required.

Site Plan Application (see appendix for application)
SEPA Checklist (see appendix for form)
Shorelines Permit (see appendix for application)
Short Plat (see appendix for application)
Preliminary Long Plat (see appendix for application)
Boundary Line Adjustments (see appendix for application)
Final Plat
Engineered Plans meeting the requirements outlined in the "Design Guidelines" Checklist (required for construction of public facilities)
Joint Aquatic Resource Permits Application (JARPA) (see appendix for JARPA)
Flood Hazard Development Permit (see appendix for application)
Critical Areas Permit (see appendix for application)
Easements (see appendix for example easement)
Developer's Certification of Project (see appendix for form)
Developer's Warranty of Project (see appendix for form)

2.3 Design Guidelines

All site work for new development or redevelopment within the City of Dayton shall be designed by an engineer licensed in the State of Washington. A Design Guideline Checklist is provided below. All items in this checklist shall be included/addressed prior to submittal of a design to the City for review. Design submittals must be deemed complete by the City before project review and approval will be granted.

2.3.1 Design Guideline Checklist

Designed to be plotted on 24" x 36" plan sheets
Reproducible at half-size on 11" x 17" plan sheets
Project name and owner/developer name
Vicinity Map
Plans drawn to a standard scale and scale indicated on each sheet. The horizontal scale for plan sheets shall be $1'' = 20'$, unless otherwise approved by the City.
North arrow on each sheet with plan views
Existing topography of land indicated by contours at intervals acceptable to the City
All existing utilities, survey monuments, and structures clearly shown on plan sheets
Proposed improvements clearly shown and dimensioned (street widths, radii, points of curvature, tangent bearings, arc lengths, etc.)
Mapping information (Horizontal and vertical datum, basis of station, etc.)
Right-of-way, property, and easement lines clearly indicated
Approval and signature block for the City of Dayton
Stamped and signed by an engineer licensed in the State of Washington
Designed in accordance with these City of Dayton Standard Plans, material specifications and construction requirements, and all commonly accepted design standards (Americans with Disabilities Act, Washington State Department of Ecology, Washington State Department of Transportation, etc.)
Provisions for on-site stormwater disposal for new construction

2.4 Submittal and Development Fees

The following development fees apply to projects within the City of Dayton. The fees shall be paid at the time of application. Project review and approval will not be granted until all fees have been paid.

TABLE 2.4		
City of Dayton Fee Schedule*		
Land Use Applications/Reviews/Processing		

General Processing	
Pre-Application Meeting	\$100 review/meeting - If a land use application is filed within 6 months of the pre-application meeting date, this fee will be credited to the land use application. (Credit cannot be awarded to a building permit application)
Zoning Certification Letter	\$75
Open Record Hearing	Application fee plus Hearing Examiner costs
Closed Record Appeal	\$100 plus Hearing Examiner costs
Reconsideration	\$50 for administrative decision or if applicable Hearing Examiner costs
Notice	
Notice Board – Posting on-site	Applicant's responsible for purchase of sign and installation
State Environmental Policy Act (SEPA) & Environmental	Reviews
Categorical Exemption Documentation	\$50 only if written letter requested
Threshold Determination - DNS/MDNS/DS	\$400
Critical Area Review or Special Study Review (such as – flood hazard, wetland, riparian area, landslide, seismic and critical aquifer)	\$250 for each Critical Area Review or Study Review plus City consultant costs, if required
Special Studies Review: Traffic, Shoreline, Noise and other	\$250 for each Study - plus City consultant costs, if required
EIS (Environmental Impact Statement)	Cost Agreement as determined
Land Use Applications	
Rezone	\$500 plus \$25 per acre & Hearing Examiner costs
Minor Variances: 10% or Less for Zoning and Critical Area Ordinance (CAO)	\$150 plus CAO or special study review as needed
Variance	\$200 plus Hearing Examiner Costs
Conditional Use Permit	\$250 plus Hearing Examiner Costs
Essential Public Facility	\$250 plus Hearing Examiner Costs
Site Development Plan	\$350 non-residential
Mobile/Manufactured Home Park	\$400 plus \$25 each space, Hearing Examiner costs & City engineering consultant costs
Minor Site Plan Modification	\$100
Reasonable Use Exception	\$200 plus Hearing Examiner costs
Public Agency and Utility Exception	\$200 plus Hearing Examiner costs
Administrative Interpretations	\$100
Sign Permit – Planning/Sign Code compliance review	\$20 (each review) plus building code review fees

* – The Mayor or his designee may waive or reduce fees, if such waiver or reduction is justified by the applicant.

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TABLE 2.4 (cont.)	
City of Dayton Fee Schedule*	
Land Use Applications/Reviews/Processing	

Engineering	
Permit Review	City engineering consultant costs
Surface Water Management Standards Variances	\$100 plus City engineering consultant costs
Alternative Design for Streets	\$100 plus City engineering consultant costs
Street Easements & Vacations	\$200
Land Division	
Subdivision Preliminary	\$400 plus \$25 for each lot, City engineering consultant costs & Hearing Examiner costs
Major Preliminary Plat Revisions	\$250 plus \$25 for each new or revised lot, City engineering consultant costs & Hearing Examiner Costs
Subdivision Final	\$250 plus City engineering consultant costs
Short Plat Preliminary	\$400 plus City engineering consultant costs
Short Plat Final	\$100 plus City engineering consultant costs
Boundary Line Adjustment/Lot Merger	\$50
Plat Vacations and Alterations	\$200 plus City engineering consultant costs & Hearing Examiner costs
Shoreline Management	·
Shoreline Management Re-Designation	\$500 plus \$25 per acre & Hearing Examiner costs
Shoreline Exemption	\$75
Shoreline Substantial Development Permit (SSDP)	\$250
Minor revisions to SSDP	\$100
Shoreline Conditional Use Permit	\$250 plus Hearing Examiner costs
Shoreline Variance	\$250 plus Hearing Examiner costs
Comprehensive Plan Amendment (CPA)	
CPA Text Amendment	\$200 per policy
СРА Мар	\$200 per designation & plus mapping costs
Development Code Text Amendment	\$200 per Code Section
Zoning Map Amendment (only with a CPA Map Change)	\$200 per zone plus mapping costs
Development Agreement	Cost Agreement as determined
Annexation	\$300 plus mapping and City engineering costs

* – The Mayor or his designee may waive or reduce fees, if such waiver or reduction is justified by the applicant.

2.5 Conditions of Use

These standards reflect the basic requirements and intent of the City. They shall be incorporated into project specific plans. The Engineer of Record shall be responsible for supplementing the standards to meet the actual project needs.

2.6 City Responsibility and Authority

The City is the primary reviewing and approving authority on infrastructure projects within the City and City infrastructure in the Urban Growth Area (UGA). All projects shall follow the applicable review and approval processes established by the City. Project plans and specifications must be prepared by a licensed engineer registered in the State of Washington and submitted to the City for review and approval prior to the start of construction. The City reserves the right to waive the requirements of the licensed engineer on small, simple, and definable projects. The City will have complete access to the project sites and perform inspections as needed to verify the City requirements have been met. The completed project must be accepted by the Public Works Department before the City will grant final approval.

2.7 Record Drawings (As-Built) Requirements

The Developer shall submit an up-to-date, complete, and accurate set of record drawings upon completion of the project. The submittal shall include four full size drawings (24"x36"), five half size drawings (11"x17"), and one CD with the drawings in PDF format. Any construction photos depicting critical activities or installations shall also be labeled and included. These drawings shall include all work performed by the Contractor and shall note any changes or deviations made from the details shown on the construction drawings. Such deviations would include, but not be limited to, dimensional changes, location, grade changes, elevation changes, material type, configuration, etc. All changes shall be neatly and accurately shown on the record drawings.

The drawings shall show at least two swing tie references to all buried service line taps, valves, manholes, etc., from an above-ground reference point. Swing tie measurements shall be from some permanent reference point, i.e., house corner, fire hydrant, power pole, etc. All ties shall be provided in such a way that the buried utility can be accurately located after construction work is complete. All buried improvements shall be described in detail including location, type, size, depth, brand name, model numbers, etc. Buried improvements shall include valves, fittings, repair clamps, connections to existing lines, etc. All offsets shall be appropriately noted on the drawings.

The drawings shall also note the locations, types, size, depth, etc., of any existing utilities encountered during the performance of the work.

The record drawings must be submitted to and approved by the City prior to final acceptance or occupancy of the project.

2.8 Vegetation Sight Distance and Clearance Standards

2.8.1 Road and Sidewalk Clearance Standards

2.8.1.1 Vegetation that is a hazard to pedestrians or vehicular traffic by reducing visibility, obstructing travel, or posing any other safety risk shall be maintained to reduce the hazard.

2.8.1.2 Sidewalk Clearance Standard

Sidewalks and designated areas for pedestrian travel shall be cleared of overhead vegetation. The minimum height for overhead vegetation is 7-9 feet above the

sidewalk, and will be considered a trigger for management activities. Trimming may be deferred if trimming will cause a reduction in tree health.

2.8.1.3 Roadway Clearance Standard

Streets and roadways for vehicular traffic shall be cleared of overhead vegetation. The minimum height for overhead vegetation is 14 feet above travel lanes and 12-14 feet above street side of the curb. These heights are the trigger for management, pruning and trimming activities. Trimming may be deferred if trimming will cause a reduction in tree health.

2.8.1.4 Utility Clearance Standards

This type of pruning is generally conducted by utility companies to maintain the integrity and safety of utility lines. The general rule is to maintain vegetation at least 10 feet from utility lines.

FIGURE 2.8.1.4

Typical Pruning Methods to Maintain Vegetation at Least 10 Feet from Utilities



2.8.2 Proper Sight Distance Standards

2.8.2.1 General Sight Distance Standards

- a. Provide safe sight distance for vehicles entering roadways from, side roads, driveways, parking lots, and alleys.
- b. Promote low-growing vegetation in areas that require adequate sight distance for safety, primarily inside corners, driveways, and intersections.
- c. Prune or remove vegetation that obstructs motorist or pedestrian view of traffic signs and signals, street lights and name signs, or other safety fixtures or marking placed in the public right-of-way.
- d. Prune for safety and visibility first, tree health and aesthetics second.
- e. Prune or remove vegetation that obstructs access to use of any public facility.

2.8.2.2 Intersections

- a. No vegetation obscuring sight triangle.
- b. Prune tree limbs to minimum of 10 ft. over sidewalks when practicable and does not reduce overall tree health.
- c. Prune tree limbs to minimum of 14 ft. above travel lanes and 12-14 feet above street side of the curb.
- d. No vegetation other than trees shall exceed 30" in height.
- e. Maintain safe sight distance for pedestrians and vehicle traffic by pruning or removing trees and other obstructing vegetation.
- 2.8.2.3 Inside Corners
 - a. No vegetation obscuring an inside corner sight triangle.
 - b. Prune existing tree limbs to a minimum of 10 ft. height at inside corners when practicable and does not reduce overall tree health.
 - c. Trees should not be planted within inside corners to maintain safe sight distances.
 - d. Maintain safe sight distance for pedestrians and vehicle traffic by pruning or removing trees and other obstructing vegetation.
 - e. Inside corners shall have no vegetation exceeding 30" in height, or below 10 feet in height.
- 2.8.2.4 Sight Triangle provisions of this section shall not apply to
 - a. Buildings which were existing prior to passage of the ordinance codified in this Code;
 - b. Public utility poles;
 - c. Trees, so long as they are not planted in the form of a hedge and are trimmed to the trunk to a height per Section 2.8, so as to leave, in all seasons, a clear and unobstructed cross view;
 - d. Official warning signs or signals;
 - e. Properties where the existing contour of the ground penetrates above the maximum two and one-half (2-1/2) feet height limitation
 - f. Fences, landscaping, signage and structures on private property in compliance with Title 11 Zoning Code "Vision clearance area requirements".
- 2.8.2.5 Sight Triangle Definitions
 - a. Intersection Types
 - 1. All-way Stop Controlled This is the same as a 4-way Stop, except that it applies equally to intersections with three, four, five or more intersecting streets. It means that all vehicles must come to a complete stop before

entering the intersection and that they yield to other vehicles that have the right of way.

- 2. Four-way Stop Controlled This is the traditional four leg intersection where traffic on all four legs come to a complete stop before entering the intersection and that they yield to other vehicles that have the right of way.
- 3. Two-way Stop Controlled This is the traditional intersection of at least two streets where the traffic on one street is required to stop while traffic on the other does not stop.
- 4. Uncontrolled Intersection This is the typical neighborhood street intersection, where traffic volumes are low and traffic on neither is given the right of way over the other. The basic rule of driving governs traffic entering the intersection.
- b. Sight Triangle Dimensions
 - Uncontrolled Intersections At uncontrolled intersections, the Sight Triangle shall be formed by measuring from the intersection of the extended curb line or the traveled right-of-way (if no curbs exist) of the adjacent street to a distance of fifty (50) feet from the corner point. The third side of the triangle is the straight line connecting the two (2) fifty (50) foot sides. See Figure 2.8.2.5.b.1. below for Uncontrolled Intersection.

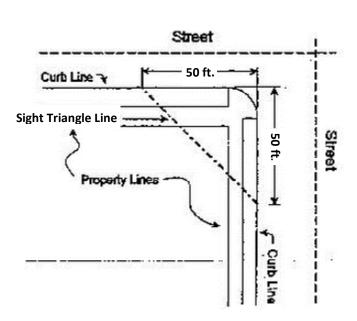


FIGURE 2.8.2.5.b.1.

Uncontrolled Intersection

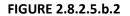
2. Two Way and Yield Controlled Intersections – At two-way stop and yield controlled right angle intersections, the stop or yield controlled street side of the Sight Triangle shall be a distance of fifteen (15) feet measured from

the intersection of the extended curb line or the traveled right-of-way (if no curb exists). The major street side of the triangle shall be a factor of the posted speed of the major street as noted in Table 2.8.2.5.b.2 measured along the extended curb line or the traveled right-of-way (if not curb exists.) The third side of the triangle is the straight line connecting the above defined lines. (Refer to Figure 2.8.2.5.B.2, Two Way and Yield Controlled Intersection.) Where the intersection of the two streets forms an angle other than a right angle, the sight distance measurement along the major street shall be determined by the City Engineer based upon a traffic study. In no case will the acute angle sight distance be less than those shown in See Figure 2.8.2.5.b.2 below for Two Way and Yield Controlled Intersections.

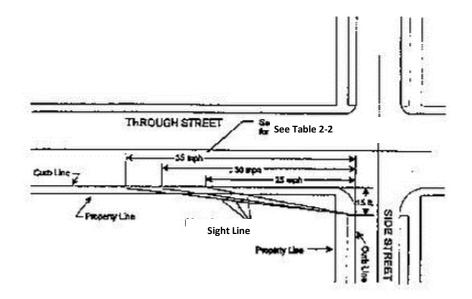
TABLE 2.8.2.5.b.2

Controlled Intersection Major Street Distances

Posted Speeds (mph)	Distance Along Curbline
25	85 feet
30	110 feet
35	130 feet



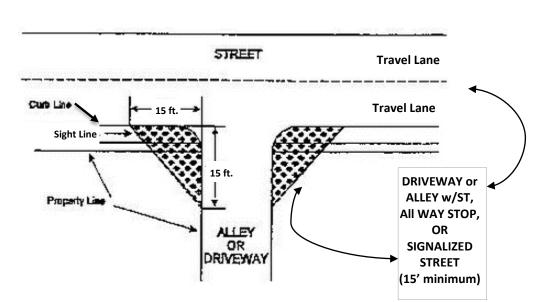
Two Way and Yield Controlled Intersection Major Street Distances



- 3. Other Intersections and Corners
 - Signalized Intersections;
 - All-way stop controlled Intersections;
 - Alley with Public Right-of-Way Intersections; and
 - Driveway with Public Right-of-Way Intersections.

- All such intersections shall maintain a sight triangle. The sides of the triangle forming the corner angle shall be fifteen (15) feet measured along the extended curb line (or the traveled right-of-way if no curbs exist) and along the edge of the driveway or alley. The third side of the triangle is the straight line connecting the two (2) fifteen (15) foot sides.
- II. The area between the triangle and the edge of the traveled right-of-way of the street shall also be kept clear of visual obstructions.
- III. Intersection, illustrates the requirements of this Section.

FIGURE 2.8.2.5.b.3 Other Intersections



2.9 Deviation from Standards

2.9.1 Purpose

It is the intent of these design standards to allow the design professional maximum latitude in the design of facilities within the City while keeping within the realm of acceptable design practice. In order to provide this latitude, it is recognized that there is a certain amount of discretion inherent in implementing standards. The Mayor or his designee shall make the final determination of the adequacy of the design parameters and standards employed on a particular project.

2.9.2 Process

2.9.2.1 The Request for a Deviation from Standards shall be in writing and state the nature of the request, why the deviation is necessary and identify both adverse and beneficial impacts. The deviation shall include supporting calculations demonstrating how the request meets the intent of the City Development Standards, references for resource materials pertinent to the request and other supporting documents.

- 2.9.2.2 The City may require that an engineering analysis of alternatives be submitted prior to issuing a decision.
- 2.9.2.3 The Request for Deviation from Standards shall be signed and sealed by a professional engineer qualified in the area of expertise.
- 2.9.2.4 The Mayor or his designee shall consult with the City's Public Works Director, contracted engineering firm and Planning Director and may consult with other agencies determined to have expertise prior to completing a review and issuing a final written decision on the deviation request.

2.9.3 Justification

Deviations from these Standards may be granted by the Mayor or his designee in writing upon written evidence from the Project Sponsor that:

- 2.9.3.1 Sufficient documentation has been submitted to issue a decision, and
- 2.9.3.2 The proposed deviation will not result in non-compliance with development conditions imposed upon a project by Public Works, Planning Department, Building Department, Hearing Examiner and/or City Council, and
- 2.9.3.3 The deviation will not otherwise result in non-compliance with any other applicable code.
- 2.9.3.4 Deviations are based upon sound engineering principles, and
- 2.9.3.5 Deviations meet requirements for safety, function, appearance, environmental protection, and maintainability. Public safety outweighs economic feasibility and physical constraints, and
- 2.9.3.6 The deviation will produce a compensating or comparable result that is in the public interest.

2.9.4 Application

- 2.9.4.1 The Request for a Deviation from Standards shall be in writing, and state:
 - a. The nature of the request,
 - b. The proposed deviations,
 - c. Standard(s) to be varied,
 - d. Why the deviation is necessary,
 - e. Identify both adverse and beneficial impacts
- 2.9.4.2 The deviation shall include:
 - a. Supporting calculations demonstrating how the request meets the intent of the City Development Standards,

- b. References for resource materials pertinent to the request and other supporting documents.
- 2.9.4.3 The City may require that an engineering analysis of alternatives be submitted prior to issuing a decision.
- 2.9.4.4 The City shall require that the Request for Deviation from Standards be signed and sealed by a professional engineer qualified in the area of expertise.
- 2.9.4.5 Sufficient funds to cover estimated hourly review costs for the City contracted engineering firm. Unused funds will be reimbursed to the person named in the application submittal.

Section 3 - Material Specifications and Construction Requirements

3.1 Introduction

The following is a listing of general design, construction, and material requirements for facilities constructed within the City of Dayton. In addition to the requirements listed below, designers, developers, and contractors working within the City of Dayton shall follow generally accepted practices at all times. In cases where specific products are listed below, approved equals may be accepted with approval from the City. The Contractor shall be responsible for submitting, for approval, shop drawings, equipment data, material samples, or a Manufacturer's Certificate of Compliance for all materials used on City property. Materials not submitted for approval will be subject to removal at the Contractor's expense. An example material submittal form is included in the appendix.

3.2 General

3.2.1 Design/Execution

- a. The Contractor/Developer shall be responsible for locating and protecting all existing utilities within the project area. All advance exploration in order to protect existing utilities shall be made. The one call locate number for Columbia County is 811. The City of Dayton is a member of the one call system. For the City of Dayton call 509-382-2361.
- b. The contractor shall notify utility users as well as the City of Dayton a minimum of 24 hours prior to the utility being turned off. Coordinate the operation of all valves with the City ahead of time. A minimum notice of 24 hours is required. City crews will open and close main line valves.
- c. Existing control points and monuments shall be protected at all times. The contractor will be responsible for resetting any control points or monuments that are disturbed as a result of their actions.
- d. All surfaces and facilities disturbed as a result of the contractor's actions shall be restored to a condition equal to or better than they existed prior to construction.
- e. All work areas are to be kept clean, and dust shall be kept to a minimum at all times. Material stockpiles are only to be located within the right of way when approved by the City. Streets shall be kept clean at all times; all dirt tracked onto streets shall be swept off and cleaned daily.
- f. The contractor is responsible for all vehicular and pedestrian traffic control. All signs, barricades, barriers, lights, cones, etc., shall comply with the MUTCD and all traffic control operations must be acceptable to the City of Dayton.
- g. All cuts in existing pavement shall be saw cut, and the disturbed surfaces shall be patched within a timeline acceptable to the City of Dayton.

- h. Open ends of all abandoned pipes shall be capped or plugged in a manner acceptable to the City to prevent infiltration of sediment.
- i. The Contractor shall be solely responsible for initiating, maintaining, and supervising all safety precautions and programs in connection with the Work, including excavation safety. The Contractor shall comply with all applicable laws, ordinances, rules, regulations, and orders of any public body having jurisdiction as it relates to project and work safety.
- j. The Contractor shall be responsible for providing his/her own construction testing, monitoring, and quality control program to ensure the materials used on the project and in the Contractor's operations are in compliance with the City of Dayton Material Specifications and Construction Requirements, and the City of Dayton Standard Plans. The Contractor will perform tests and use test methods as required in the Standard Specifications for Road, Bridge, and Municipal Construction - current edition, Washington State Department of Transportation. A written quality control program shall be provided to the City for review prior to any work being performed. The plan shall describe how the Contractor will monitor and ensure quality control throughout the work. Materials, equipment, or work that fails to meet the above mentioned requirements shall not be used in the Work. Test results shall be provided to the City.
- k. All bedding, select backfill, general backfill, and foundation material shall be compacted as outlined in the Standard Specifications.

3.2.2 Materials

The following materials information shall be utilized with the General (Section 1) Standard Plans.

Material	Specification	
Monument Case and Cover	Gray iron castings conforming to AASHTO M36, Class 30B	
Bedding	Non-groundwater Condition Crushed surfacing top course per WSDOT Standard Specification 9-03.9(3); or Gravel backfill for pipe zone bedding per WSDOT Standard Specification 9-03.12(3) Groundwater Condition Crushed screening per WSDOT Standard Specification 9-03.4(2)	
Select Backfill	Non-groundwater Condition Crushed surfacing top course per WSDOT Standard Specification 9-03.9(3); or Gravel backfill for pipe zone bedding per WSDOT Standard Specification 9-03.12(3) Groundwater Condition Crushed screening per WSDOT Standard Specification 9-03.4(2)	
General Backfill	Native or imported material free of vegetative matter, boulders (10-inch plus), frozen material, and any other unsuitable material, and shall have a moisture content that will allow for the required compaction.	
Foundation Material Locating Wire	Free draining, crushed rock with a maximum size of 2.5-inch, and less than 1 percent passing the No. 200 sieve 12 awg UF solid copper	

TABLE 3.2.2

Materials to be Used with General Standard Plans

6/1/2015

Material	Specification
Locating Wire	King Technology Model 50-566
Silicone Splice Kit	
Concrete for	Air entrained, 4000 psi minimum 28 day strength per WSDOT Standard
Utility	Specification 6-02
Adjustments	
Geotextile	Geotextile for the defined application meeting the minimum requirements of
	WSDOT Standard Specification 9-33.2(1) Table 6
Silt Fence	Plastic or wire mesh per WSDOT Standard Specification 8-01.3(9)A and
	9-33.2(1) Table 6
Silt Fence-Post	Wood-1.25-inch by 1.25-inch; or Steel-0.9 lbs/ft
Storm Drain Inlet	Geotextile fabric meeting the minimum requirements of WSDOT Standard
Protection	Specification 9-33.2, Table 1 for Moderate Survivability and Table 2 for Filtration
	Properties
Reinforcing Steel	Meet the minimum requirements of WSDOT Standard Specification 9-07

TABLE 3.2.2 (cont.) Materials to be Used with General Standard Plans

3.3 Street

3.3.1 Design/Execution

- a. All Street work shall be designed and constructed per the City of Dayton Standard Plans, these Specifications, and the Washington State Department of Transportation Standard Specifications for Road, Bridge, and Municipal Construction current edition.
- b. Minimum testing frequencies shall be as determined by the City of Dayton or the applicable funding agency.
- c. In areas containing unstable or wet silty soils, separation/support fabric shall be placed above subgrade.
- d. All signage shall be per the MUTCD.
- e. Asphalt overlays and chip seals shall be constructed as required by the City of Dayton. Minimum asphalt overlay thickness is 1.5 inches.
- f. Crushed surfacing shall be compacted to a minimum of 95 percent of WSDOT Test Method 606.
- g. HMA shall be compacted to a minimum of 91 percent of the maximum theoretical density.

3.3.2 Materials

The following materials information shall be utilized with the Street (Section 2) Standard Plans.

Material	Specification
Crushed Surfacing	Crushed Surfacing Top Course or Crushed Surfacing Base Course per
	WSDOT Standard Specification 9-03.9(3).
Separation/Support	Woven Geotextile for separation per WSDOT Standard Specification
Fabric	9-33.2(1) Table 3
Subgrade	Compacted to a minimum of 95 percent of WSDOT Test Method T-99.
	Any soft or yielding areas as exposed by a loaded dump truck shall be
	removed and replaced with appropriate material and recompacted.
Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA)	Commercial HMA, Cl. 1/2"
	PG64-28, or PG70-28
	Minimum design load 0.8 million ESAL's
Cement Concrete	Air entrained, 4,000 psi minimum 28 day strength per WSDOT Standard
Pavement	Specification 6-02
Cement Concrete for	Sidewalks-Commercial mix air entrained, 4,000 psi minimum 28 day
Sidewalks, Driveways,	strength per WSDOT Standard Spec. 6-02
Curb and Curb and	Driveways, Curb, and Curb and Gutter-Air entrained, commercial mix
Gutter	4,000 psi minimum 28 day strength per WSDOT Standard
	Specification 6-02
Expansion Joint	3/8-inch expansion joint to the full concrete section per AASHTO M213
	Specification for Preformed Expansion Joint Fillers for Concrete Paving
	and Structural Construction
Detectable Warning	Color-Safety Yellow
Pattern	Size-2-feet by ramp width
	Maximum height - 3/8 inch above ramp surface
Street Signs	Sheet Aluminum Signs - WSDOT Standard Specification 9-28.8
	Reflective Sheeting - WSDOT Standard Specification 9-28.12
	Posts-3 lbs/ft U - Channel painted green in color
Concrete Curing Materials	As outlined in the Standard Specifications.

TABLE 3.3.2 Materials to be Used with Street Standard Plans

3.4 Water

3.4.1 Design/Execution

- a. All water work shall be designed and constructed per the City of Dayton Standard Plans, these Specifications, and the American Water Works Association specifications.
- b. Valves shall be located as directed by the City. As a minimum requirement, valves shall be placed such that single blocks may be isolated without impacting water service to other areas of town.
- c. Mechanically restrained fittings, pipe joints, and/or thrust blocks are to be used at all locations deemed necessary by the City and/or the design engineer. The design engineer shall provide a detailed design of all mechanical restraints to the City.
- d. All trench excavation shall be done in accordance with the current provisions of the Safety and Health regulations of the Department of Labor and Industries. No trenches shall be left open at any time unless guarded with adequate barricades, warning lamps, and signs. Proper traffic and pedestrian control shall be provided at all times.

- e. All utility trench floors shall be compacted to a minimum 80 percent of the maximum density prior to the placement of bedding and pipe. If native trench bottom conditions are unstable, the native material shall be replaced with foundation material.
- f. Minimum depth of bury for water mains is 42 inches. If existing conditions prevent a bury depth of 42 inches, the bury depth may be reduced to 36 inches with approval from the City.
- g. Minimum depth of bury for water services is 36 inches unless otherwise approved.
- h. All water main sizes shall be approved by the City and shall be 8 inches or larger. Water mains smaller than 8 inches will only be allowed in isolated cases.
- i. The standard size water service line shall be 1 inch. The standard meter size shall be 5/8 inch x 3/4 inch.

3.4.2 Materials

The following materials information shall be utilized with the Water (Section 3) Standard Plans.

Material	Specification		
Water Mains (both D.I. and PVC are allowed)			
Ductile Iron (D.I.)	6 inch and smaller: AWWA C151 Class 52		
Water Main	8 inch and larger: AWWA C151 Class 50		
PVC Water Main	Under 4 inch: ASTM D2241		
	4 inch to 12 inch : AWWA C900		
	14 inch to 30 inch : AWWA C905		
Service Line	Service Line		
Polyethylene	As per Section 9-30.6(3) B of the Standard Specifications.		
Tubing			
Copper Pipe	Type K seamless, of annealed conforming to ASTM D88		
Galvanized Pipe	2 inch and smaller-Galvanized wrought iron conforming to ASTM A120 (only		
	allowed with written approval from the City)		
Fittings			
Water Main	Smith-Blair or Ford, Fabricated steel couplings conforming to AWWA C219		
Coupling			
Service Saddles	D.I		
	3/4 inch and 1 inch: Ford FS 101		
	Larger than 1 inch: Ford FS202		
Corporation Stops	Mueller Ball Corp brass ball valve stops per AWWA C-800		
Curb Stop	Mueller Series 30P brass ball valves		
Curb Stop Box	Mueller Arch Pattern Curb Box with foot piece and Type PS plug style lid with		
	pentagon bolt		
Restrained Fittings	MEGALUG field installed restraint devices as manufactured by Ebaa Iron, Inc.		

TABLE 3.4.2 Materials to be Used with Water Standard Plans

	Materials to be Used with Water Standard Plans	
Material	Specification	
Fittings (cont.)		
Restrained Pipe	Ductile Iron push-on joints with a field locking gasket as manufactured	
Joints	FIELDLOK Gasket System as manufactured by United States Pipe and Foundry	
	Company. FIELDLOK D.I. Series is to be used for ductile iron pipe. FIELDLOK PV	
	Series is to be used for C900 PVC pipe.	
Thrust Blocks	Concrete – 2,500 psi minimum 28 day strength	
	Anchor Rods - 3/4 inch diameter galvanized steel or epoxy coated	
	reinforcement bar conforming to AASHTO M284	
Blow off/Flush	Mueller Dry Barrel Type per AWWA C502 with a 2 1/8-inch main valve and one	
Type Hydrant	2 1/2-inch hose nozzle.	
Fire Hydrant	Mueller Centurion M&H Model 929, or Clow 2500 per AWWA C502 with a	
	5 1/4-inch main valve opening, two 2 1/2 –inch NST nozzles and one 4 1/2-inch	
	NST pumper nozzle. Operating nut shall be 1 1/2-inch pentagon.	
Valves		
Main Line Valves	All main line valves shall have a 2-inch AWWA operation nut, open	
Gate Valves – 2	counter-clockwise.	
inch to 10 inch	Gate Valve – 2 inch to 10 inch: Iron body, resilient wedge, non-rising stem per	
Butterfly Valves –	AWWA C509 or C515, 200 psi min.	
12 inch and larger	Butterfly Valve – 12 inch and larger: M&H 450, rubber seated, tight closing with	
	a sealed gear operator	
Ball Valves – 2 inch	Bronze, conforming to Federal Specification WW-V-35, Type II, Class A, Style 3,	
and smaller	rated for a minimum working pressure of 125 psi	
Valve Box	Cast iron, sliding type box large enough to cover the top casting of the valve	
	conforming to AWWA C600, Section 10.3. Valve box diameter shall not be less	
	than 5 inch, and shall be long enough to not be fully extended when installed.	
Water Meter		
Small Meter	Sensus SR2 reading in cubic feet	
Large Meter	Invensys Metering Systems single register high-performance compound meter	
	reading in cubic feet	
Meter Resetter	1 inch and smaller-Ford 40 Series resetter	
Water Meter Box	Plastic Boxes – Size, make, and model subject to approval by the Public Works	
(Non Traffic)	Director.	
Water Meter Box	Concrete Boxes – Size, make, and model subject to approval by the Public	
(Traffic Area)	Works Director.	
Backflow	As currently approved by AWWA and the U.S.C. Reports	
Prevention		

TABLE 3.4.2 (cont.)

Materials to be Used with Water Standard Plans

3.5 Sanitary Sewer

3.5.1 Design/Execution

- a. All sewer work shall be designed and constructed per the City of Dayton Standard Plans, these Specifications, and Washington State Department of Ecology Criteria for Sewage Works Design.
- b. All trench excavation shall be done in accordance with the current provisions of the Safety and Health regulations of the Department of Labor and Industries. No trenches

shall be left open at any time unless guarded with adequate barricades, warning lamps, and signs. Proper traffic and pedestrian control shall be provided at all times.

- c. All utility trench floors shall be compacted to a minimum 80 percent of the maximum density prior to the placement of bedding and pipe. If native trench bottom conditions are unstable, the native material shall be replaced with foundation material.
- d. Minimum depth of bury for sewer mains is 36 inches. Bury depths less than 36 inches must be approved by the City.
- e. All sewer main sizes shall be as approved by the City and shall be 8 inches or larger. Sewer mains smaller than 8 inches will only be allowed in isolated cases. Sewer service lines shall be 4 inches or larger.
- f. Pipes shall be laid straight and with a constant slope between manholes unless otherwise approved by the City.
- g. Minimum gravity sewer slopes are as follows:

Sewer Size (Inches)	Minimum Slope (Percent)
8	0.40
10	0.28
12	0.22
14	0.17
18	0.12
24	0.08

TABLE 3.5.1.g

Minimum Gravity Sewer Slopes

3.5.2 Materials

The following materials information shall be utilized with the Sanitary Sewer (Section 4) Standard Plans.

ΤA	BLE	3.5	5.2

Materials to be Used with Sanitary Sewer Standard Plans

Material	Specification		
Sewer Main	Solid Wall PVC up to 15 inches: ASTM D-3034 SDR 35		
	Solid Wall PVC 18 to 24 inches: ASTM F-679		
Sewer Service	Solid Wall PVC: ASTM D3034 SDR 35		
Manhole Pipe	A-Lok pipe connector as manufactured by A-Lok Products, Inc; PSX Flexible		
Connectors	Connector as manufactured by Press Seal Gasket Corporation; or Kor-N-Seal as		
	manufactured by Core and Seal Company		

Material	Specification		
Flexible Coupling	Flexible couplings with stainless steel shear rings as manufactured by Fernco		
Manholes	Precast base manhole with eccentric cone per ASTM C-478 Kent seal joint sealant shall be placed between all sections Manholes with a depth of 5.5 feet or less from the top of the manhole cover to the pipe invert shall utilize a 2-foot tall cone section. Flat slab covers will not be allowed unless approved by the City.		
Manhole Frame and Cover	Manhole frame and covers shall be per WSDOT Standard Specification 9-05.15(1) as manufactured by D&L Foundry, East Jordan Iron Works, or Olympic Foundry		
Main Line Cleanouts	Inland Foundry Co. No. 240 for 8-inch riser pipe, No. 241 for 6-inch riser pipe, or similar with Cast iron ring and cover		

TABLE 3.5.2 (cont.)

Materials to be Used with Sanitary Sewer Standard Plans

3.6 Storm Sewer

3.6.1 Design/Execution

- a. Stormwater runoff generated as a result of newly constructed facilities shall be contained and disposed of by an on-site stormwater disposal system. All stormwater disposal systems shall be designed by an engineer licensed in the state of Washington. Stormwater disposal systems include drainfields, drywells, swales, detention ponds, or other devices used to dispose of stormwater on site. Each design shall be unique to the particular site and shall include all advance exploration necessary to design a properly functioning stormwater disposal system.
- b. Stormwater disposal systems shall be designed to meet the following minimum requirements:
 - 1. Store 100 percent of a 25-year, 1-hour storm event
 - 2. Percolate 100 percent of a 25-year, 24-hour storm event in 18 hours or less
 - 3. Percolate 100 percent of a 100-year, 24-hour storm event in less than 24 hours
 - 4. If significant damage is likely to occur to public or private facilities when the storm event exceeds the design criteria or in the event of a system failure, the design engineer shall incorporate design features to minimize damage to neighboring facilities.
- c. The minimum guidelines for injection wells outlined in the Department of Ecology's Stormwater Management Manual for Eastern Washington shall be maintained. Current regulations require that the lowest elevation of any portion of an injection well shall maintain a minimum separation of 5 feet from groundwater.
- Infiltration ponds shall be designed to meet the minimum requirements outlined in the Department of Ecology's Stormwater Management Manual for Eastern Washington.
 Ponds shall be designed with a minimum of one foot of freeboard from the rim or overflow of the infiltration pond to the maximum ponding level. The bottom of all ponds

shall be lined with free draining aggregate and planted with low growing vegetation that will not plug the aggregate.

e. A complete design including design calculations shall be submitted to the City for approval. The design and design calculations shall be consistent with one of the methods outlined in the Washington State Department of Transportation Hydraulics Manual or the Washington State Department of Ecology Stormwater Management Manual for Eastern Washington.

3.6.2 Materials

The following materials information shall be utilized with the Storm Sewer (Section 5) Standard Plans.

Material	Specification		
Storm Sewer Pipe	Solid Wall PVC up to 15 inches: ASTM D-3034 SDR 35		
	Solid Wall PVC 18 to 24 inches: ASTM F-679		
Culverts	Corrugated Polyethylene 12 inches to 60 inches: AASHTO M 294 Type S or D		
	Corrugated Steel: Type 2 corrugated steel pipe, minimum 14-gauge with		
	2-2/3 inch x 1/2 inch corrugations per AASHTO M 274 and AASHTO M 36		
Catch Basins	Precast units meeting the requirements of ASTM C-139 and C-913		
Drywells	Precast units meeting the requirements of AASHTO M 199. Seepage ports		
	shall be located on the sides and bottom of the drywell. The port size may		
	vary between 1 square inch and 7 square inches for round openings, and		
	1 square inch and 15 square inches for rectangular openings. The ports shall		
	be uniformly spaced with at least one port per 8 inches of drywell height and		
	15 inches of drywell circumference.		
Frames and Grates	Frames - cast steel, gray iron, or ductile iron; designed to accommodate		
for Catch Basins	20-inch x 24-inch grates		
	Grates – 20-inch x 24-inch, cast steel or ductile iron		
Drain Rock	Gravel Backfill for Drains per WSDOT Standard Specification 9-03.12(4);		
	Gravel Backfill for Drywells per WSDOT Standard Specification 9-03.12(5); or		
	Coarse Aggregate for Portland Cement Concrete per WSDOT Standard		
	Specification 9-03.1(4)C NO.57		
Non-Woven	Mirafi 140N Undergound Drainage Geotextile per WSDOT Standard		
Construction	Specification 9-33.2(1)		
Geotextile for			
Underground			
Drainage			
Construction	Mirafi 600X or HP2701 Separation Geotextile per WSDOT Standard		
Geotextile for	Specification 9-33.2(1)		
Separation			

TABLE 3.6.2

Materials to be Used with Storm Sewer Standard Plans

Section 4 - Standard Plans

4.1 Table of Contents

<u>NO.</u>

<u>CATEGORY/PLAN</u>

General

1-1	Monument Case and Cover
1-2	Trench Excavation and Backfill
1-3	Trench Surface Restoration
	Continuous Locating Wire and Identifying Tape
	Manhole Frame and Cover
	Utility Cover Adjustments
1-7	
	Storm Drain Inlet Protection

Street

2-1	Typical Street Sections
2-2	Concrete Driveway and Alley Approaches
2-3	Concrete Curbs, and Curb and Gutter
2-4	Concrete Valley Gutter
2-5	Concrete Sidewalk
2-6 Page 1	Concrete Curb Ramps
2-6 Page 2	Concrete Curb Ramps
2-7	Street Sign Installation

Water

3-1	Fire Hydrant and Auxiliary Valve
3-2	Waterline Blow-Off/Flush Type Fire Hydrant
3-3	Fire Hydrant Barricade
3-4	Valve Box
3-5	Connection to Existing Water Main
3-6	Minimum Water/Sewer Separation
3-7 Page 1	Thrust Block Requirements and Locations
3-7 Page 2	Thrust Block Requirements and Locations
3-7 Page 3	Thrust Block Requirements and Locations
3-8	Water Service Connections and Meter Installation
3-9	Minimum Air Gap

Sanitary Sewer

4-1	Sanitary Sewer Cleanouts
4-2	Manhole Base and Notes.
4-3	.Standard Manhole
4-4	.Drop Precast Manhole
4-5	Sewer Service Line

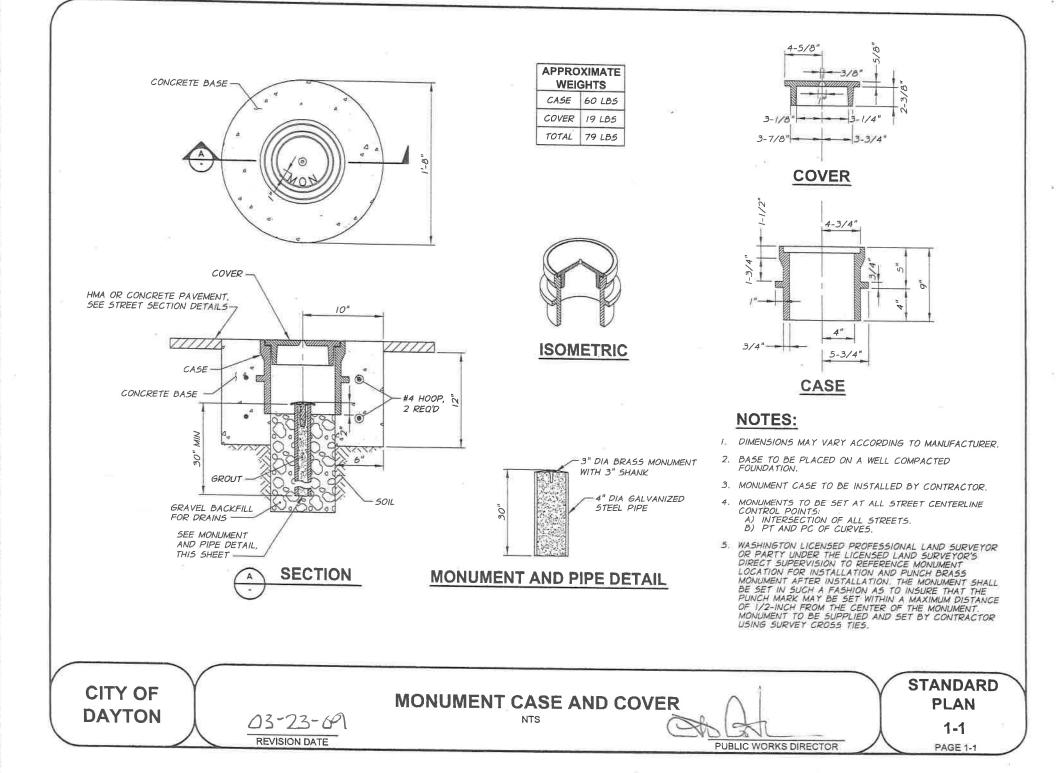
Storm Sewer

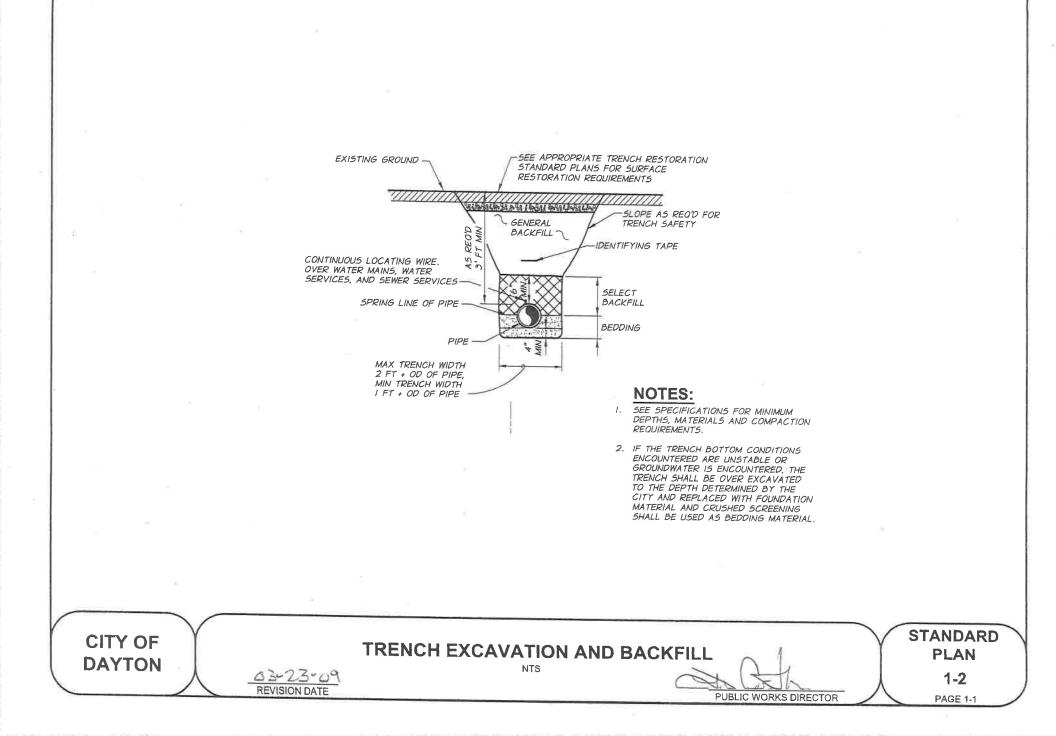
5-1	Catch Basin
5-2	Combination Inlet
5-3	Catch Basin Grates

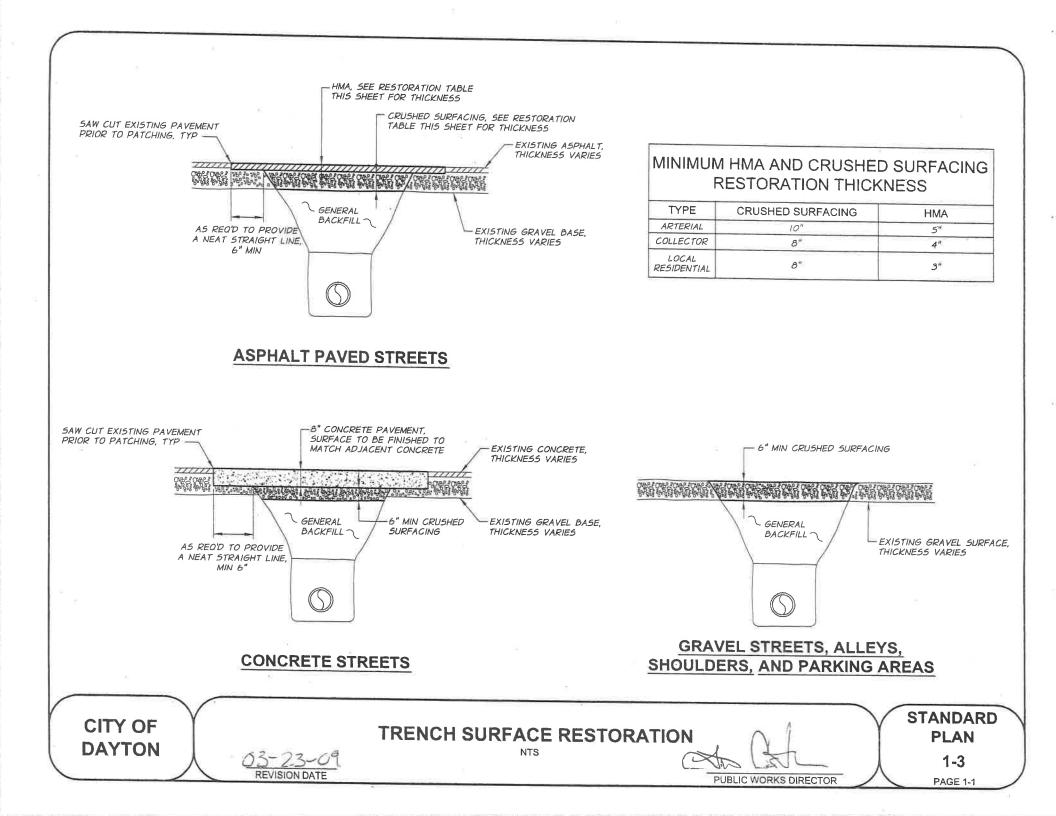
4.2 Standard Plans

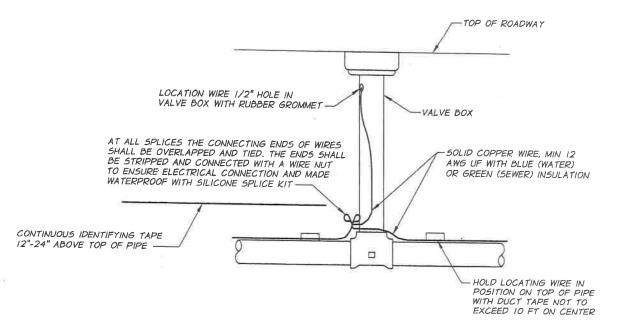
(Refer to the following pages)

GENERAL



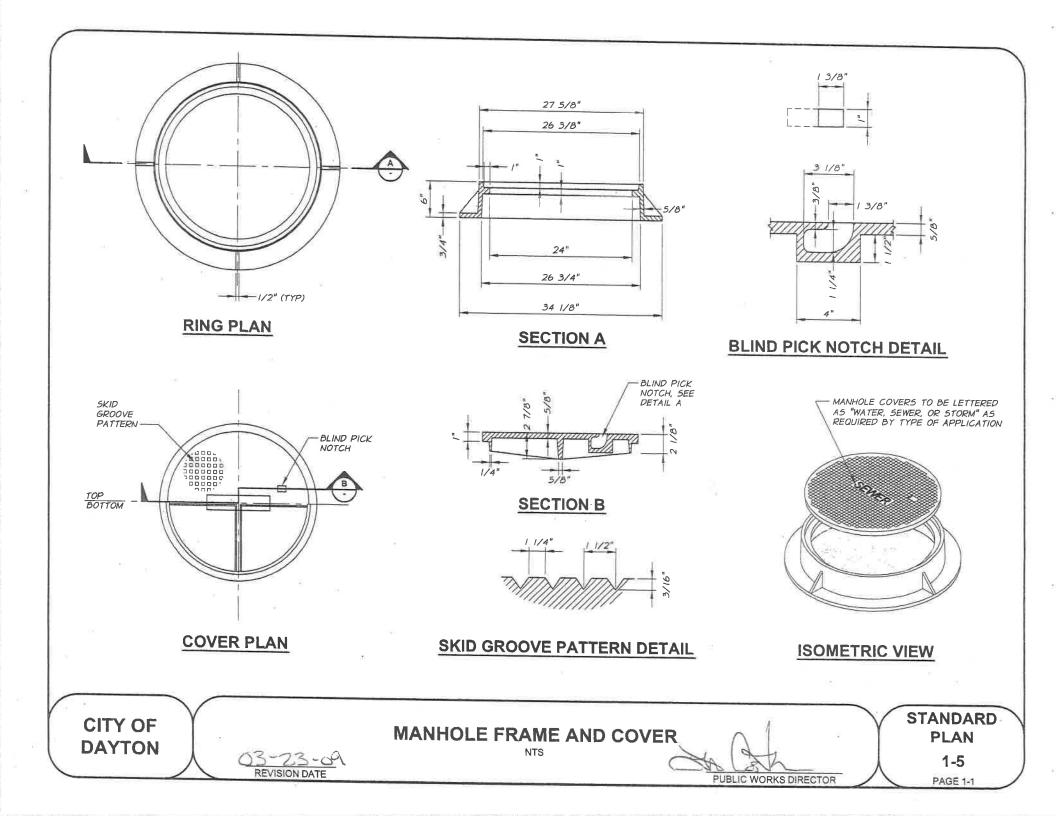


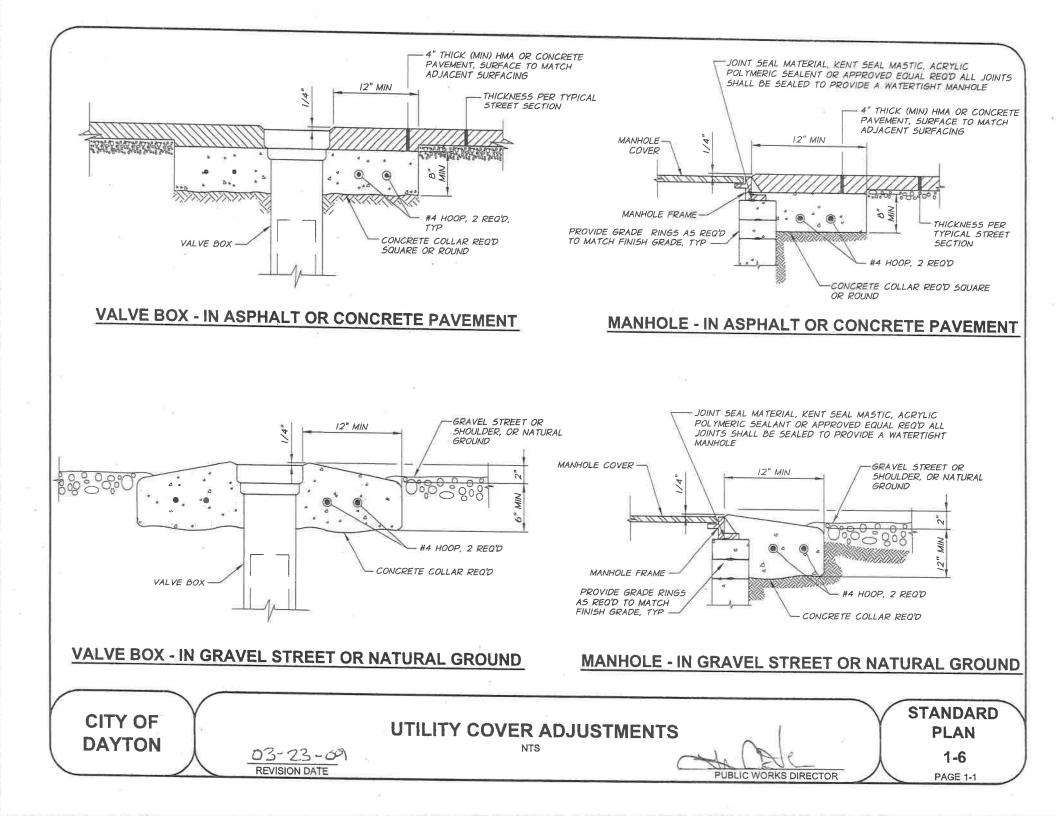


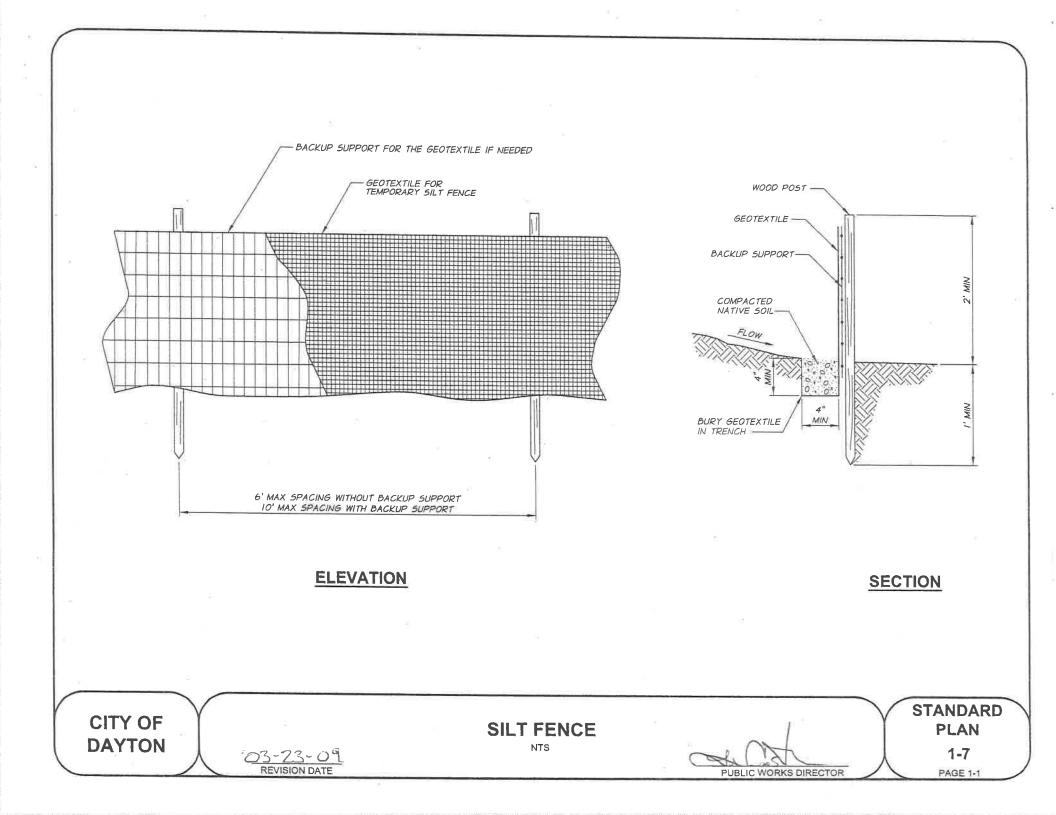


IDENTIFYING TAPE LEGEND				
TYPE	COLOR	SIZE	DETECTABLE	IMPRINT
STORM SEWER	GREEN	3"	YES	CAUTION BURIED SEWER LINE BELOW
SANITARY SEWER	GREEN	3"	YES	CAUTION BURIED SEWER LINE BELOW
WATER	BLUE	3"	YES	CAUTION BURIED WATER LINE BELOW



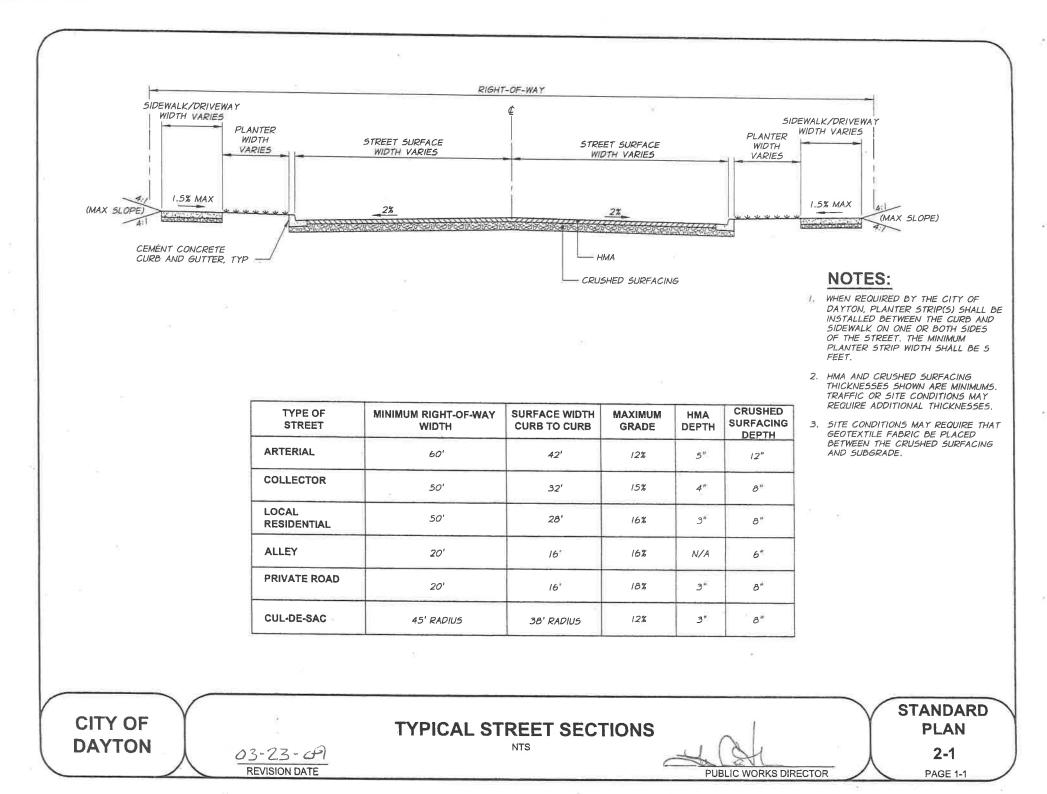


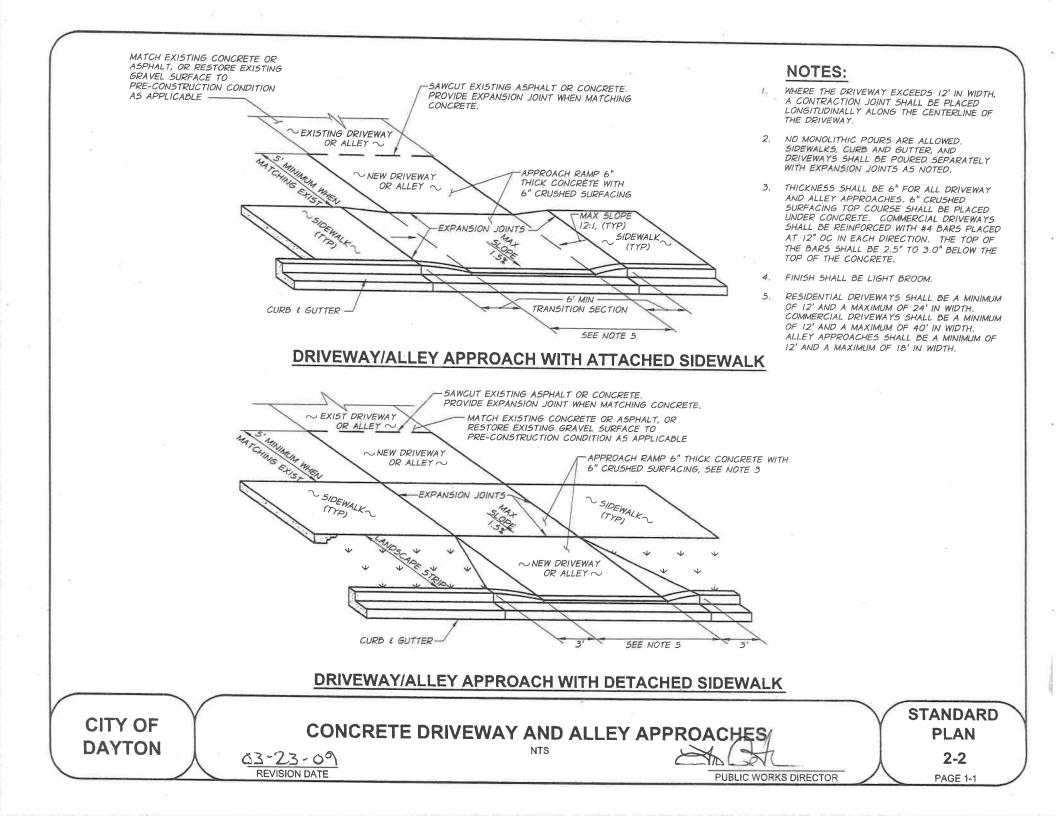


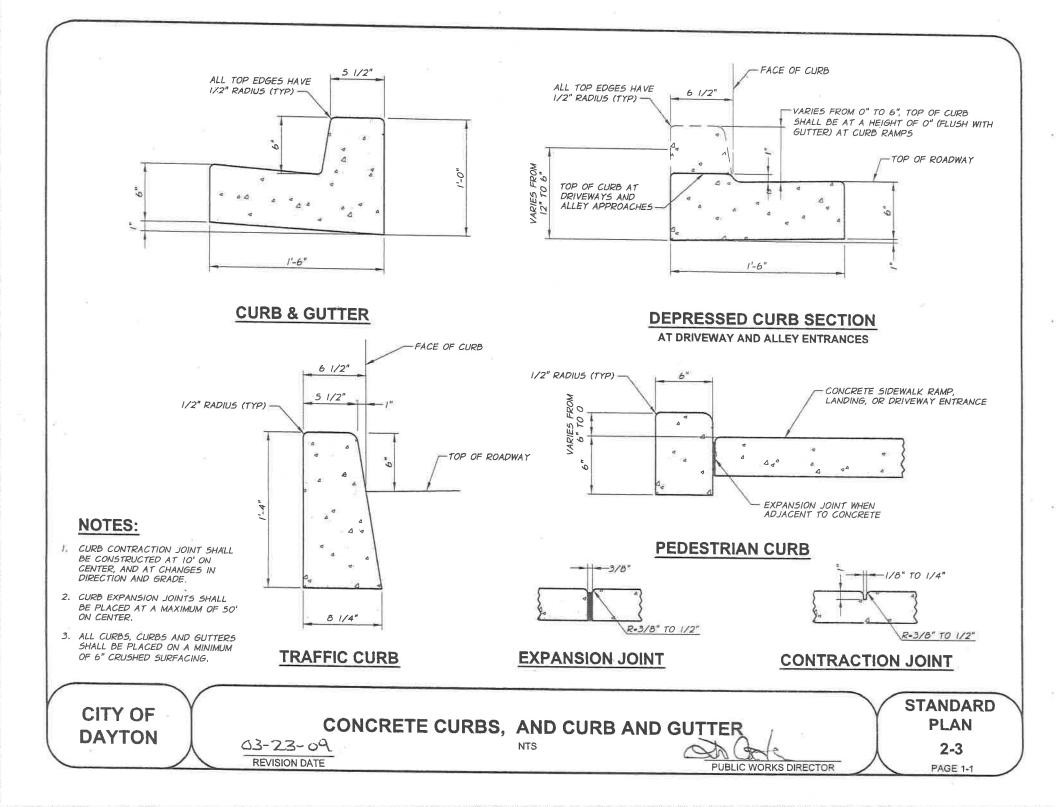


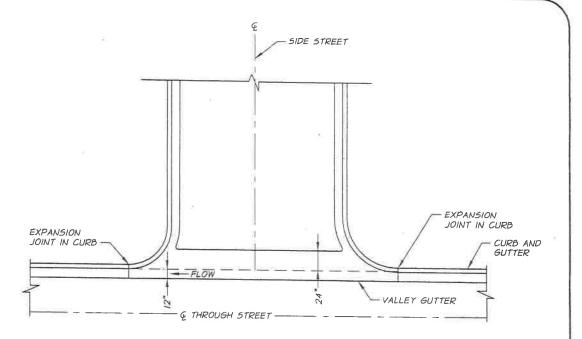
5" MAX DRAINAGE GRATE TRIM GRATE FRAME-SEDIMENT RETRIEVAL AND DEBRIS -SYSTEM (TYP) DRAINAGE GRATE OVERFLOW BYPASS BELOW INLET GRATE DEVICE FILTERED WATER BELOW INLET OVERFLOW BYPA55 GRATE DEVICE-10 CATCH BASIN NOTES: PRIOR TO ANY CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY, ALL EXISTING CATCH BASINS WITHIN THE DRAINAGE AREA OF THE 1. PROJECT SHALL BE FILLED WITH A BELOW INLET GRATE DEVICE TO PROTECT THE EXISTING STORM DRAINAGE SYSTEM. 2. NEW CATCH BASINS SHALL IMMEDIATELY BE FITTED WITH BELOW INLET GRATE DEVICES FOLLOWING INSTALLATION, 3. THE BELOW INLET GRATE DEVICES SHALL NOT BE REMOVED UNTIL APPROVED BY THE PUBLIC WORKS DIRECTOR. 4. TO FURTHER PREVENT CONTAMINATION OF STORM DRAIN SYSTEMS, ALL SOIL TRACKED ONTO STREETS SHALL BE CLEANED OFF/SWEPT DAILY. 5. OTHER EROSION CONTROL METHODS MAY BE NECESSARY DURING CONSTRUCTION AND GRADING DEPENDING ON THE CONTRACTOR'S CONSTRUCTION TECHNIQUES. 6. THE CITY OF DAYTON MAY REQUIRE THE CONTRACTOR TO CLEAN OR REPLACE THE STORM DRAINAGE SYSTEM(5) IF THEY BECOME CONTAMINATED DURING CONSTRUCTION. STANDARD **CITY OF STORM DRAIN INLET PROTECTION** PLAN DAYTON NTS 1-8 03-23-09 **REVISION DATE** PUBLIC WORKS DIRECTOR PAGE 1-1

STREET





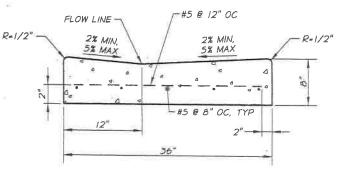




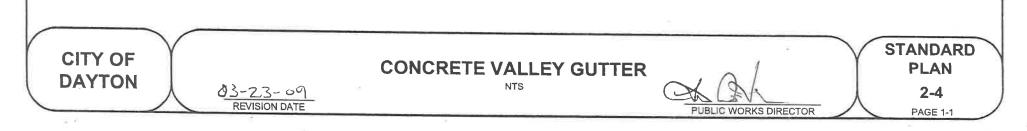
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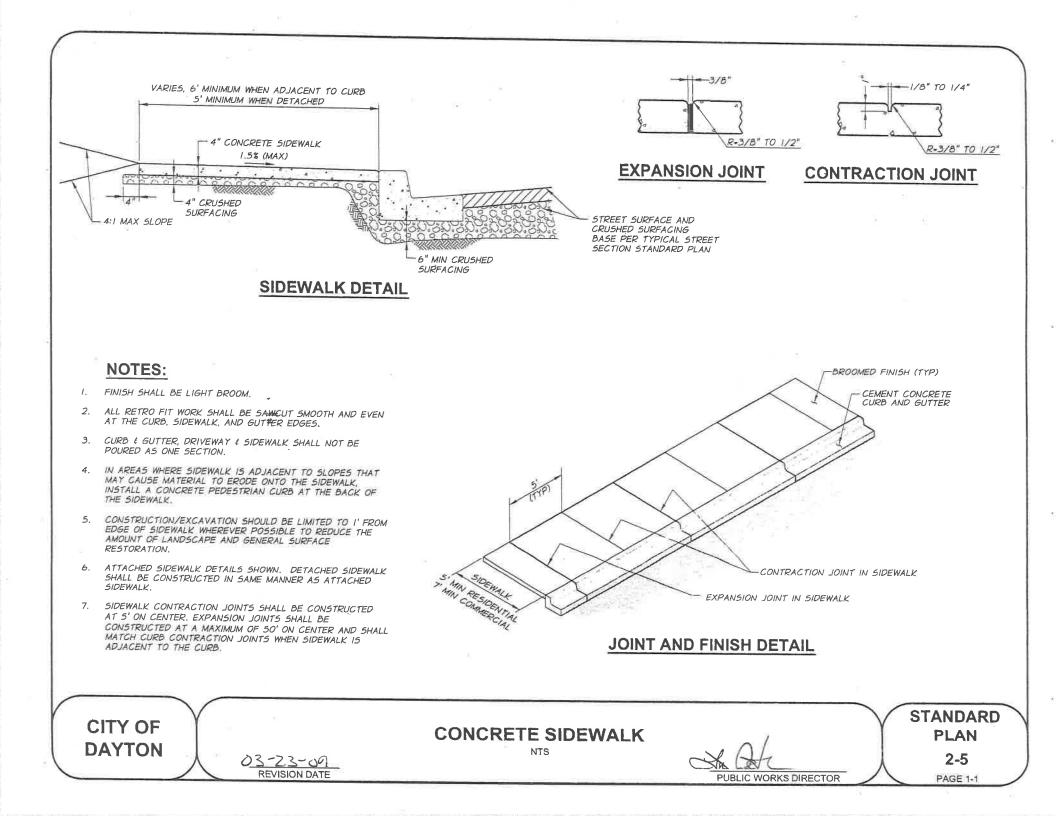
- 1. CONCRETE VALLEY GUTTER SHALL BE PLACED ON A MINIMUM OF 6" CRUSHED SURFACING.
- 2. FLOW LINE OF CONCRETE VALLEY GUTTER SHALL MATCH FLOW LINE OF CURB AND GUTTER.
- 3. CONCRETE VALLEY GUTTER SHALL ONLY BE CONSTRUCTED AT LOCATIONS APPROVED BY THE CITY.

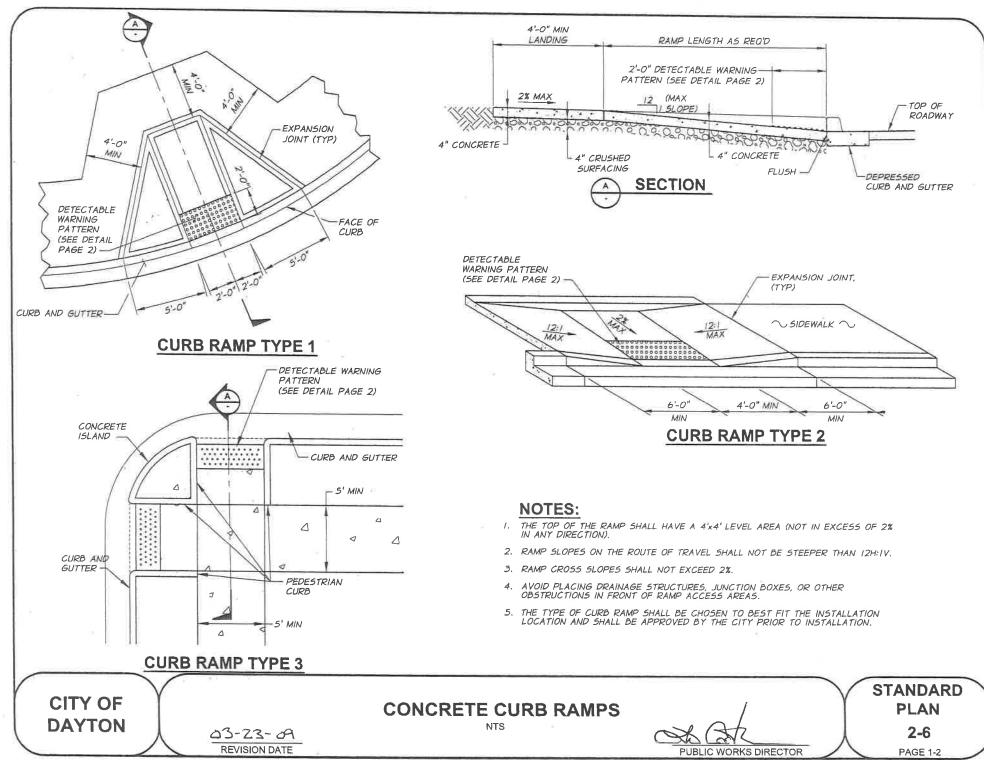


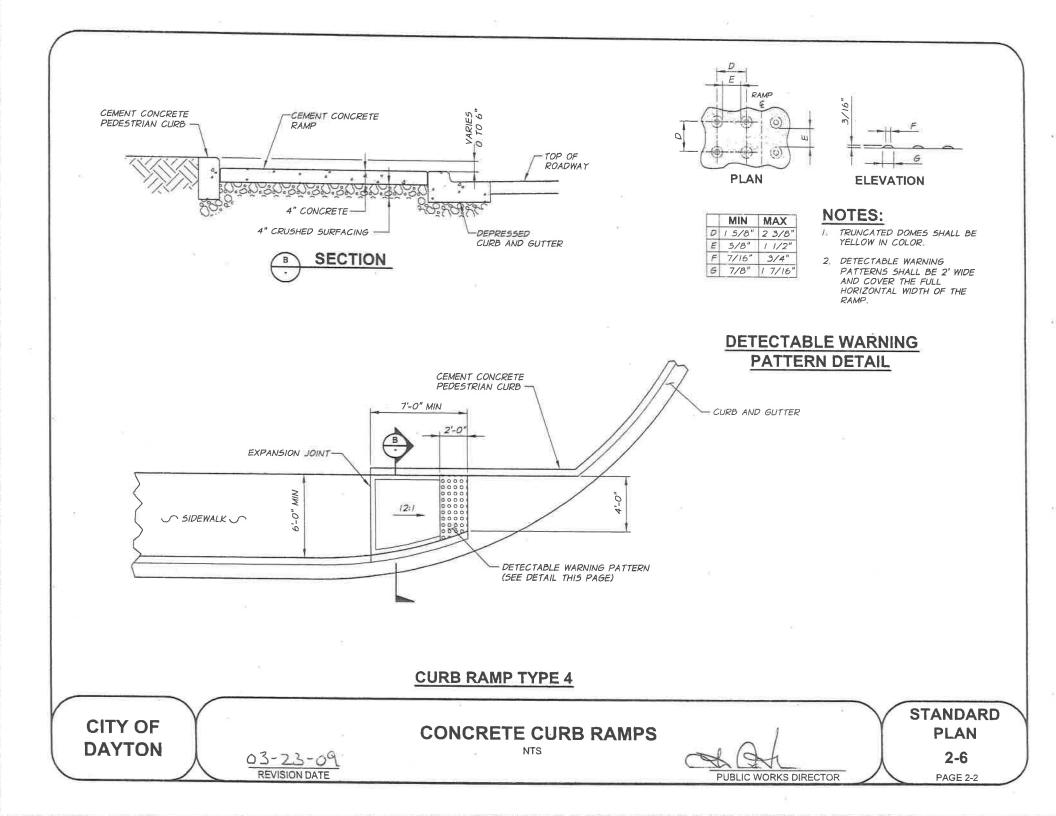


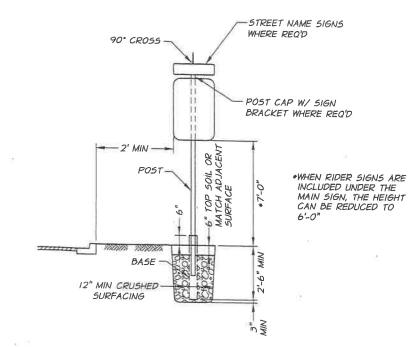
CROSS SECTION











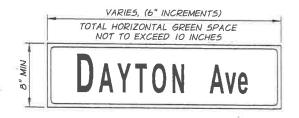
TRAFFIC SIGN INSTALLATION

TRAFFIC SIGN INSTALLATION NOTES:

- 1. ALL SIGNS SHALL CONFORM TO THE MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (MUTCD).
- 2. ALL POSTS SHALL BE 3 LBS/FT U-CHANNEL SIGN POSTS INSTALLED PER THE MANUFACTURERS RECOMMENDATIONS
- 3. ALL POSTS SHALL BE PAINTED GREEN IN COLOR.
- SIGNS AND POST SHALL BE INSTALLED SO THEY ARE PLUMB AND RESIST SWAYING IN THE WIND AND DISPLACEMENT BY VANDALISM.

SIGN	TYPE	SIZE 30"x30"	
RI-I	STOP		
R1-2	YIELD	30"x30"x30"	
R2-1	SPEED	24"x30"	
R8-3a	NO PARKING SYMBOL	12"x12"	
D3-101	STREET NAME SIGN	8"x VARIES	

STANDARD SIGNS



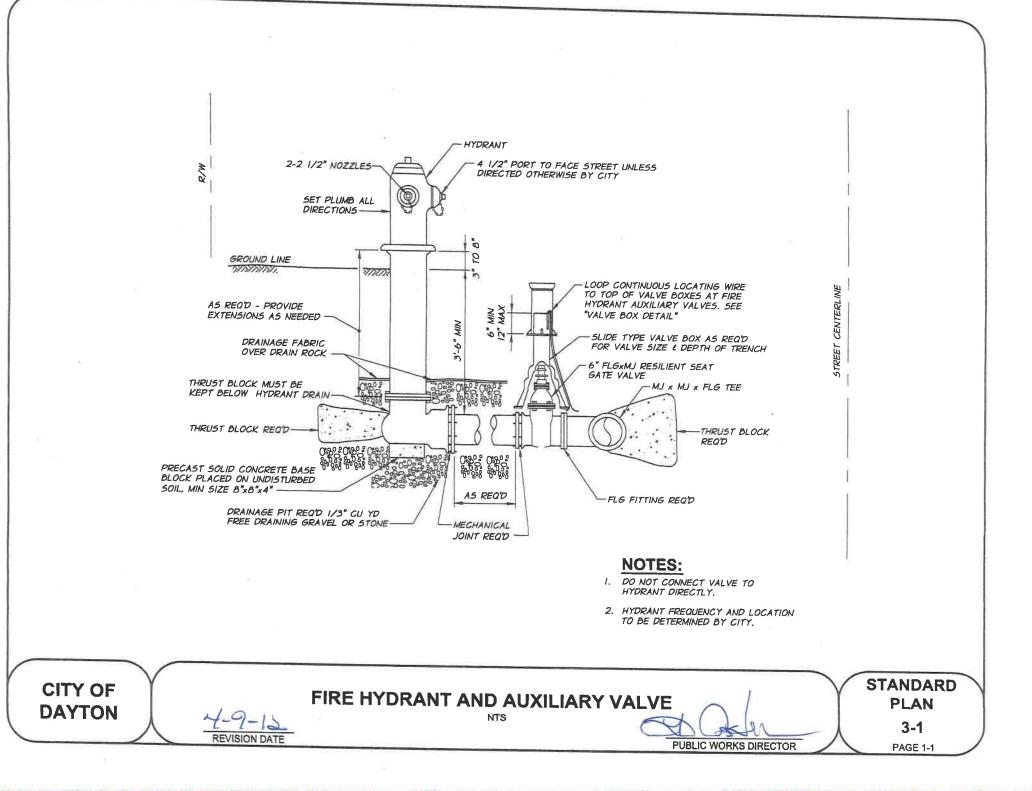
STREET NAME SIGN

STREET NAME SIGN NOTES:

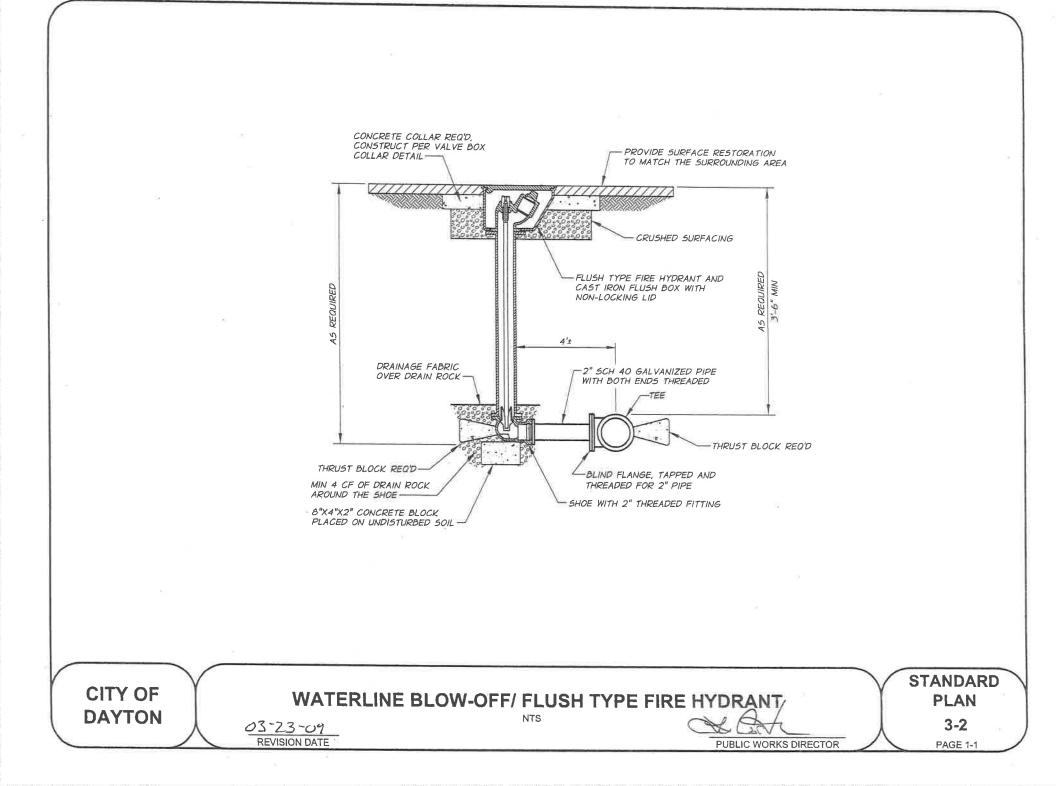
- 1. STREET NAME SIGN SHALL BE PER D3-IDI OF THE WSDOT SIGN FABRICATION MANUAL.
- 2. REFLECTORIZED WHITE LETTERS, NUMBERS AND BORDER ON REFLECTIVE GREEN BACKGROUND. LETTERS ARE TO BE HIGHWAY GOTHIC, SERIES "C". LETTERS AND SPACING TO BE PER THE STATE OF WASHINGTON SIGN FABRICATION MANUAL. HIGHWAY GOTHIC, SERIES "B" SHALL BE PERMITTED WHEN SIGN LENGTH EXCEEDS 36".
- 3. LETTERS, NUMBERS, BORDER AND BACKGROUND ARE TO BE 3M DIAMOND GRADE DG3 REFLECTIVE SHEETING SERIES 4000.
- 4. STREET NAME SIGNS SHALL BE INSTALLED ON THE SIGN POST OR STREET LIGHT STANDARD BY MEANS OF AN ALUMINUM SIGN BRACKET APPROPRIATE FOR THE SPECIFIC APPLICATION APPROVED BY THE CITY.

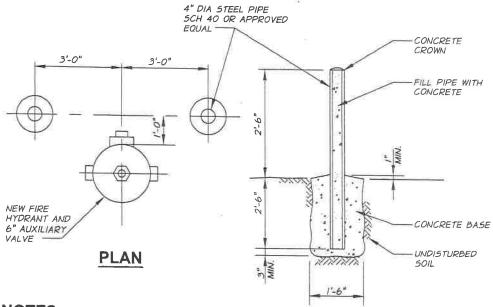


WATER



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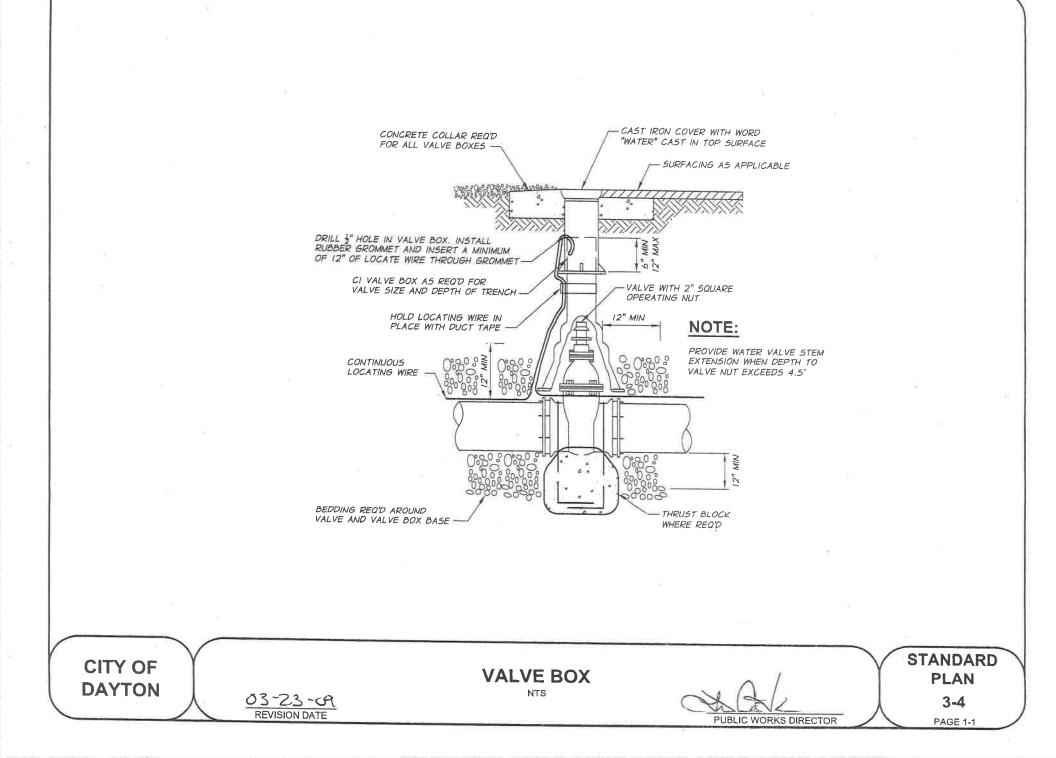


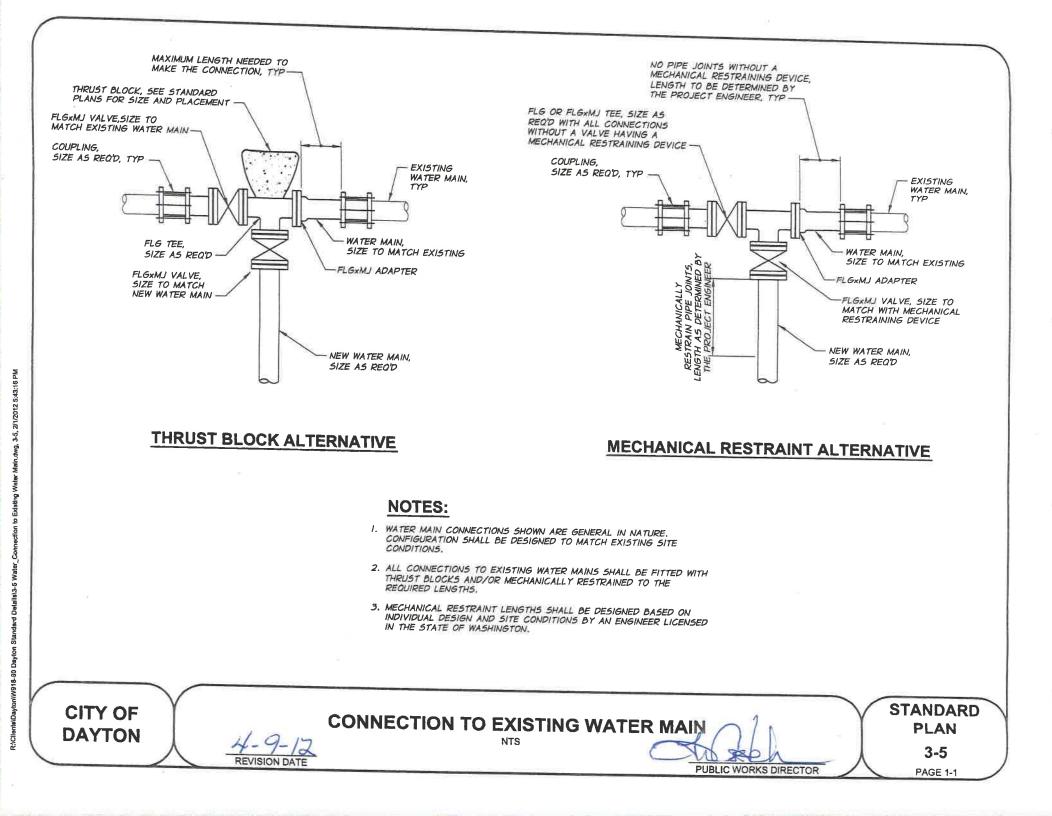
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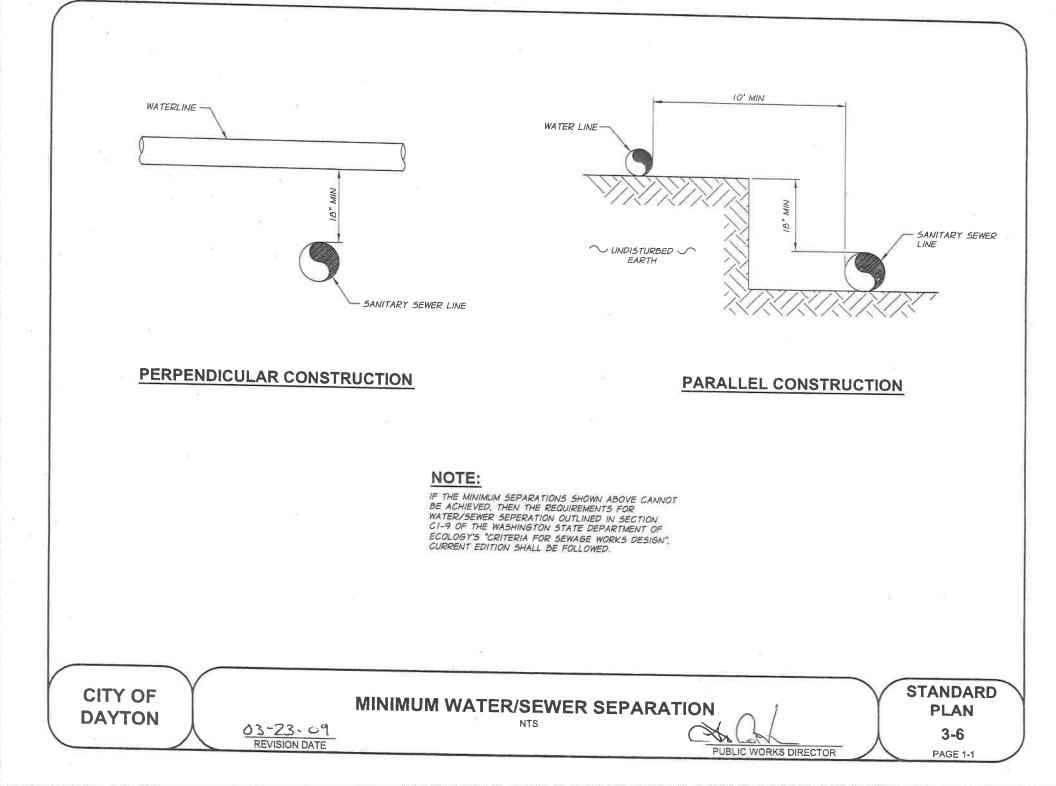
NOTES:

- I. FIRE HYDRANT BARRICADES REQUIRED WHEN HYDRANT NOT PLACED BEHIND CURB.
- 2. LOCATE PIPES EQUIDISTANT FROM FIRE HYDRANT.
- 3. PLACE BARACADES AT ALL FOUR CORNERS OF HYDRANT IF VEHICLES ARE ALLOWED TO DRIVE BEHIND HYDRANT.

CITY OF DAYTON BIRE HYDRANT BARRICADE NTS FIRE HYDRANT BARRICADE NTS PUBLIC WORKS DIRECTOR PAGE 1-1







THRUST BLOCK NOTES

- CONNECTIONS SHALL BE MECHANICALLY RESTRAINED WHEN THRUST RESTRAINTS ARE 1. REQUIRED. WHEN EXISTING CONDITIONS PREVENT THE USE OF MECHANICAL RESTRAINTS, THRUST BLOCKS MAY BE USED WITH THE APPROVAL OF THE CITY. THRUST BLOCKS OR MECHANICAL RESTRAINTS SHALL BE DESIGNED BY A LICENSED ENGINEER.
- 2. THRUST BLOCKS SHALL BE REQUIRED AT THE FOLLOWING LOCATIONS: A. ALL CHANGES IN DIRECTION.
 - B. ALL DEAD-ENDS.

 - C. ALL VALVES LARGER THAN 12-INCHES. THEY SHALL BE SIZED FOR CLOSED CONDITIONS.
 - (1) WHEN RESTRAINED JOINT PIPE IS USED ON BOTH SIDES OF VALVE.
 - (2) WHEN VALVE IS RESTRAINED JOINT CONNECTED TO A FITTING WHICH HAS APPROPRIATE THRUST BLOCKING. D. AT LOCATIONS SPECIFICALLY CALLED OUT ON THE DRAWINGS.

 - E. AT TEMPORARY DEAD ENDS DURING PIPE INSTALLATIONS AS REQUIRED FOR TEMPORARY F. AT OTHER LOCATIONS REQUIRED BY ENGINEER.
- 3. THRUST BLOCKS SHALL BE SIZED AS REQUIRED BY SOIL CONDITIONS AND DESIGN PRESSURE.
- 4. PLACE CONCRETE AGAINST UNDISTURBED TRENCH WALL.
- 5. SEE TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS FOR CONCRETE AND ANCHOR RODS.
- 6. ALL CONCRETE SHALL BE PLACED SO THAT PIPE, FITTING JOINTS, BOLTS AND NUTS, ETC., WILL BE ACCESSIBLE FOR REPAIRS.
- 7. PLACE ONE LAYER OF VISQUEEN BETWEEN FITTING AND CONCRETE TO FACILITATE FUTURE REMOVAL OF THRUST BLOCK.
- 8. ALL THRUST BLOCKS SHALL BE SIZED FOR 150 PSI WATER PRESSURE OR 1.5 TIMES THE HIGHEST WORKING PRESSURE, WHICHEVER IS LARGER.
- 9. IF THE REQUIRED BEARING AREA IS LESS THAN I SQUARE FOOT, A THRUST BLOCK SHALL NOT

DETERMINATION OF THRUST BLOCK BEARING AREA

- I. DETERMINE THRUST (T) FOR TYPE OF FITTING OR JOINT AND SIZE OF PIPE FROM TABLE NO. I OR TABLE NO. 3. ADJUST THE THRUST & 100 PSI TOT HE THRUST AT THE TEST PRESSURE.
- 2. DETERMINE BEARING CAPACITY (B) OF SOIL FROM TABLE NO. 2.
- 3. DETERMINE REQUIRED BEARING AREA (A) AS FOLLOWS:
 - (WHERE F IS PRESSURE DESIGN FACTOR) A = I + F B

EXAMPLE: DESIGN PRESSURE . 150 PSI PIPE = 12" FITTING - TEE 501L - SANDY GRAVEL FROM TABLE NO. 1: T = 15,050 LB. PRESSURE DESIGN FACTOR F = 150 PSI = 1.50 100 PSI FROM TABLE NO. 2: 8 - 3000 LB/50.FT.

A = 15.050 X 1.50 = 7.5 50.FT. = 8 50.FT. 3000

(ROUND UP TO NEAREST WHOLE SO.FT.)

PIPE SIZE	TEES AND DEAD ENDS	90° ELBOW	45" ELBOW	22 1/2* ELBOW	11 1/4* ELBOW
4*	1,680	2,310	1,290	660	340
6*	3,770	5,320	2,890	1,480	750
8"	6,690	9,460	5,120	2,620	1,320
10*	10,440	14,780	8,010	4,090	2,050
12"	15,050	21,280	11,520	5,880	2,960
14"	20,490	28,960	15,680	8,000	4.020
16"	26,750	37,830	20,470	10,440	5,260
18"	33,850	47,870	25,910	13,210	6,640
20"	41,790	59,090	31,980	16,310	8,190
24"	60,170	85,100	46,060	23,490	11,800

TABLE 1

TABLE 2

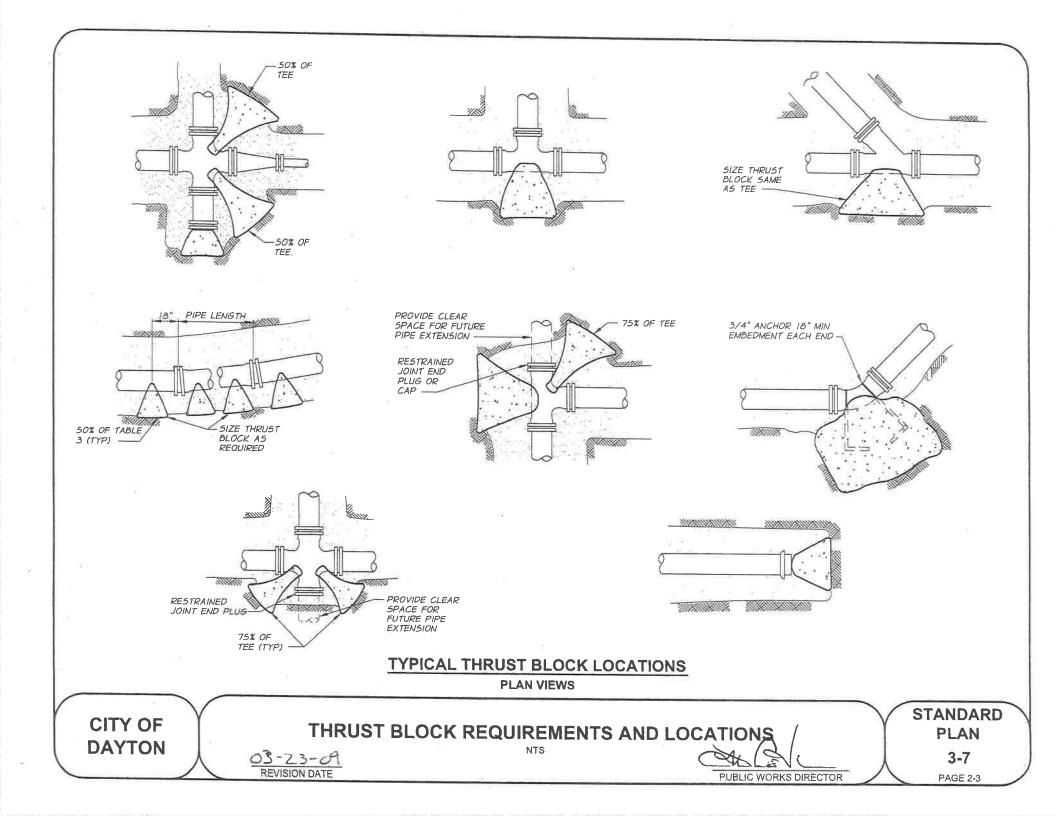
SOIL	SAFE BEARING LOAD LB/SQ.FT. 500	
SOFT CLAY		
SILT	1.000	
SAND	2,000	
SAND AND GRAVEL	3,000	
SAND AND GRAVEL CEMENT WITH CLAY	4,000	
HARD CLAY	4,000	

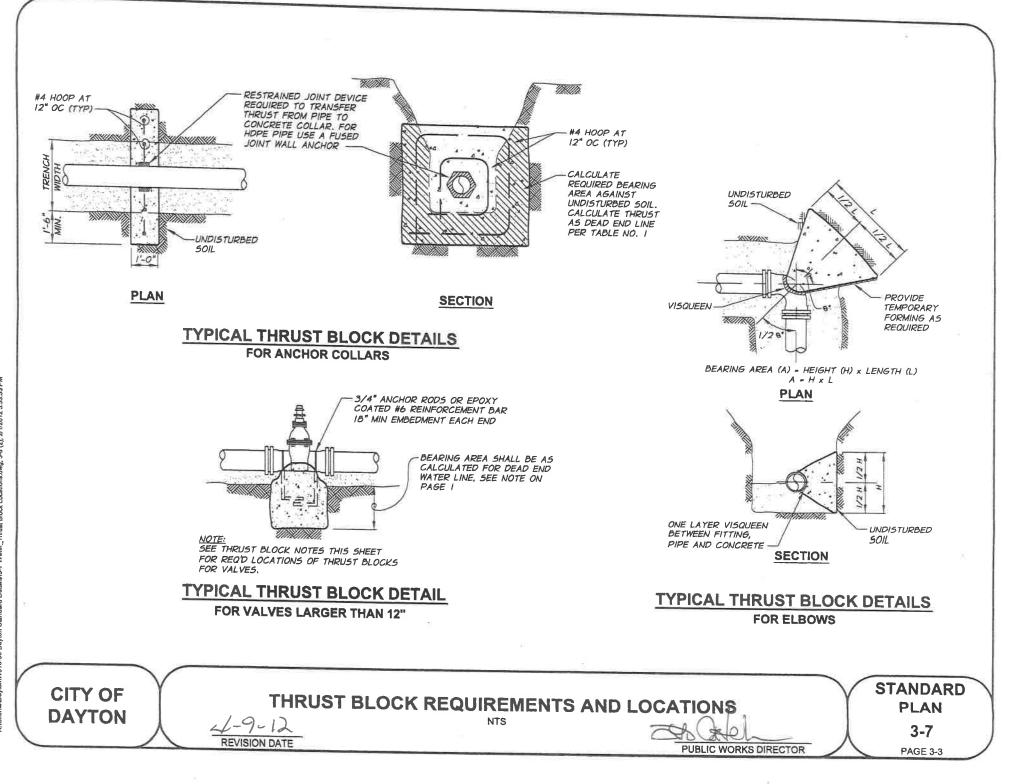
TABLE 3

SIDE THRUST PER 100 LB/SQ.IN. PRESSURE PER DEGREE OF DEFLECTION				
PIPE SIZE	SIDE THRUST-LB	PIPE SIZE	SIDE THRUST-LE	
4"	N/A	14"	360	
6"	N/A	16"	470	
8"	N/A	18"	600	
10"	190	20"	730	
12"	270	24"	1,050	

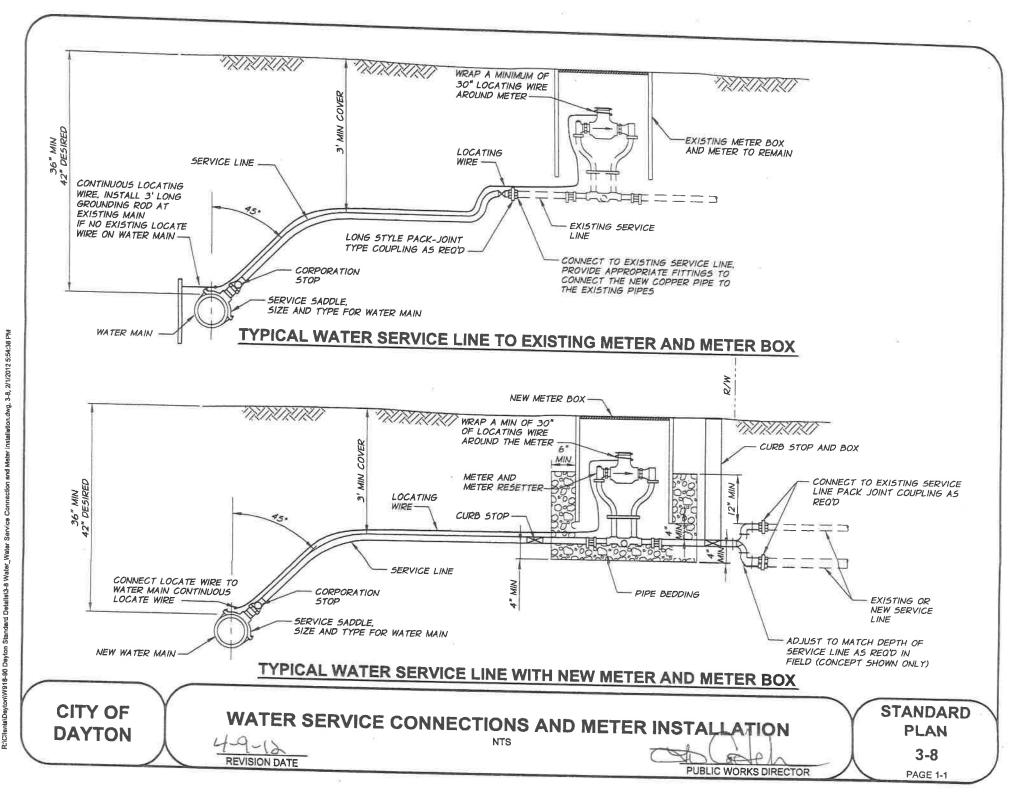


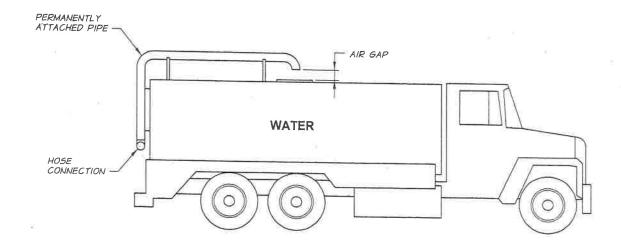
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R:\Cilents'Dayton\W918-90 Dayton Standard Details\3-7 Wetler_Thrust Block Locations.0wg, 3-8 (2), 2/1/2012 5:53:55 PM





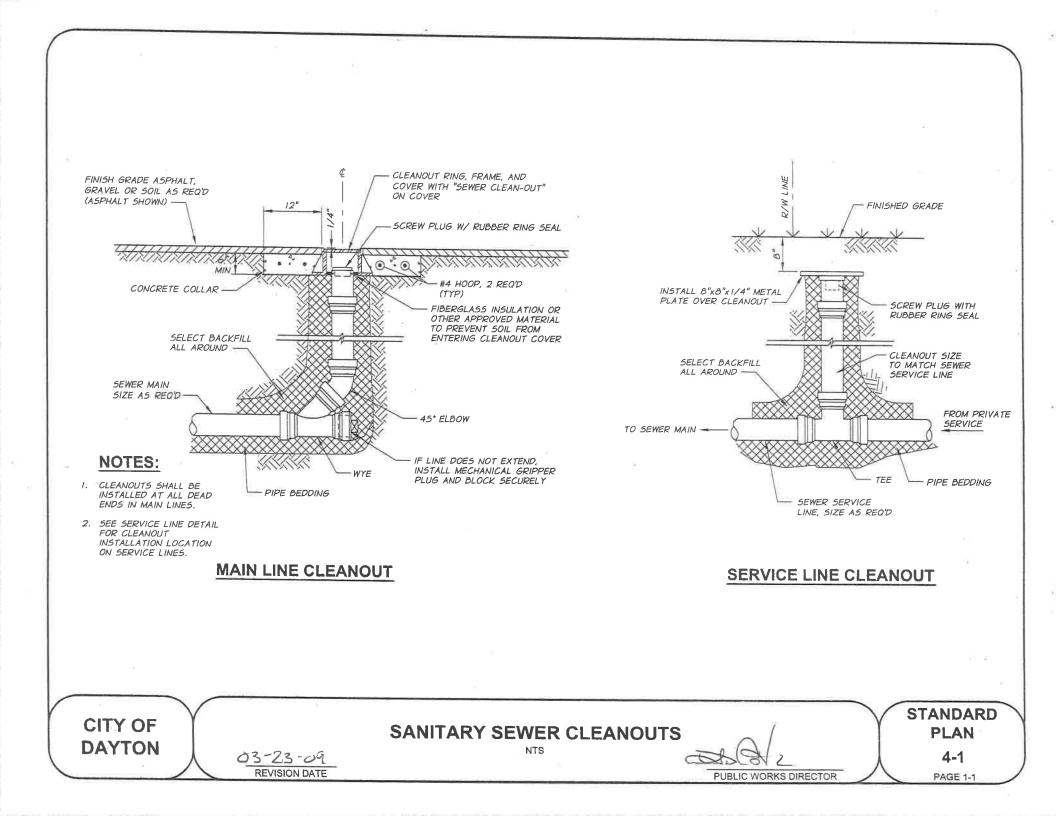
NOTES:

- I. MINIMUM AIR GAP SHALL BE 2x PIPE INSIDE DIAMETER OR 2" WHICHEVER IS GREATER.
- 2. ALL INSTALLATIONS ARE SUBJECT TO APPROVAL BY THE CITY.
- 3. FLEXIBLE HOSES OR TUBING WHICH MAY BE BENT OR EASILY ALTERED TO REDUCE THE AIR GAP ARE NOT ALLOWED.

4. WATER TRUCKS MUST BE FILLED AT LOCATIONS APPROVED BY THE CITY THROUGH A DESIGNATED METERED ASSEMBLY. TOTAL WATER CONSUMPTION SHALL BE REPORTED TO THE CITY.

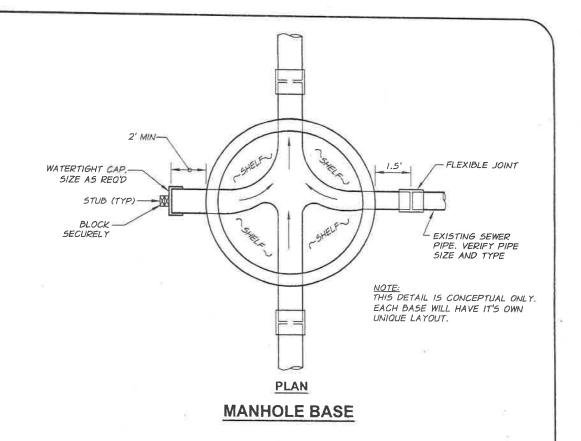


SANITARY SEWER



MANHOLE CONSTRUCTION NOTES

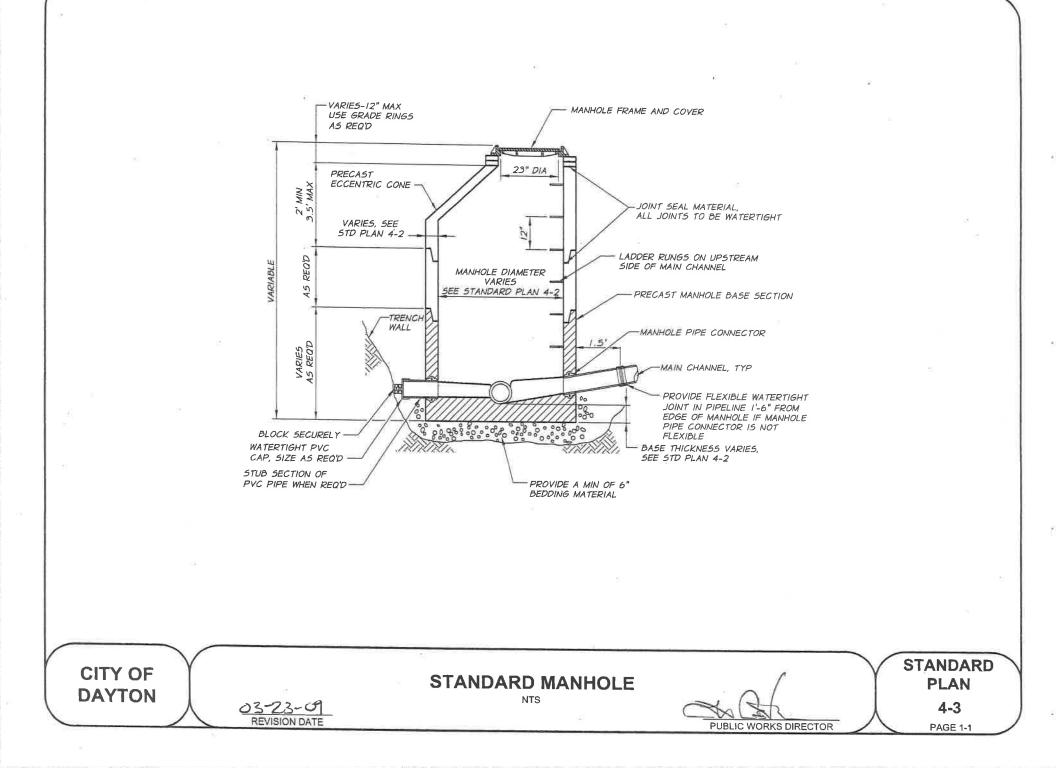
- 1. ALL MANHOLES SHALL BE PRECAST MANHOLE UNITS UNLESS OTHERWISE APPROVED.
- 2. THE MANHOLE PIPE CONNECTORS SHALL BE CAPABLE OF A DEFLECTION IN ANY ONE DIRECTION OF 10° AND SHALL BE INSTALLED AS REQUIRED BY THE MANUFACTURER.
- 3. ANY GAPS, HOLES, ROUGH SPOTS, ETC., IN THE CHANNELS SHALL BE FILLED OR REPAIRED IN THE FIELD.
- 4. THE MANHOLES SHALL BE SET BELOW FINISH GRADE AND THEN ADJUSTED TO GRADE WITH GRADE RINGS AS REQUIRED. THE MAXIMUM DEPTH OF GRADE RINGS AND MANHOLE FRAMES SHALL BE 12".
- 5. CONE SECTION SHALL BE ECCENTRIC.
- 6. IN MANUFACTURING THE MANHOLES, THE CONTRACTOR IS ADVISED TO VERIFY FIELD CONDITIONS, PIPE INVERTS, PIPE ORIENTATION, AND MANHOLE DEPTH.
- 7. MANHOLES SHALL HAVE STEPS OF 1/2-INCH DIAMETER DEFORMED BARS. ORIENT VERTICALLY OVER UPSTREAM SIDE OF MAIN CHANNEL.
- 8. THE BEDDING UNDER THE MANHOLE SHALL MEET THE SAME REQUIREMENTS AS PIPE BEDDING.
- 9. WHEN PIPE DIAMETERS ARE NOT THE SAME, THE ELEVATION OF THE TOP OF THE SMALLER DIAMETER PIPE SHALL BE AT AN ELEVATION EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN THE TOP OF THE LARGER DIAMETER PIPE. THE FLOW CHANNEL IN THE MANHOLE SHALL DROP A MINIMUM OF O.I FEET FROM INLET TO OUTLET.
- 10. ALL PICKUP HOLES SHALL BE GROUTED FULL AFTER MANHOLE HAS BEEN PLACED.

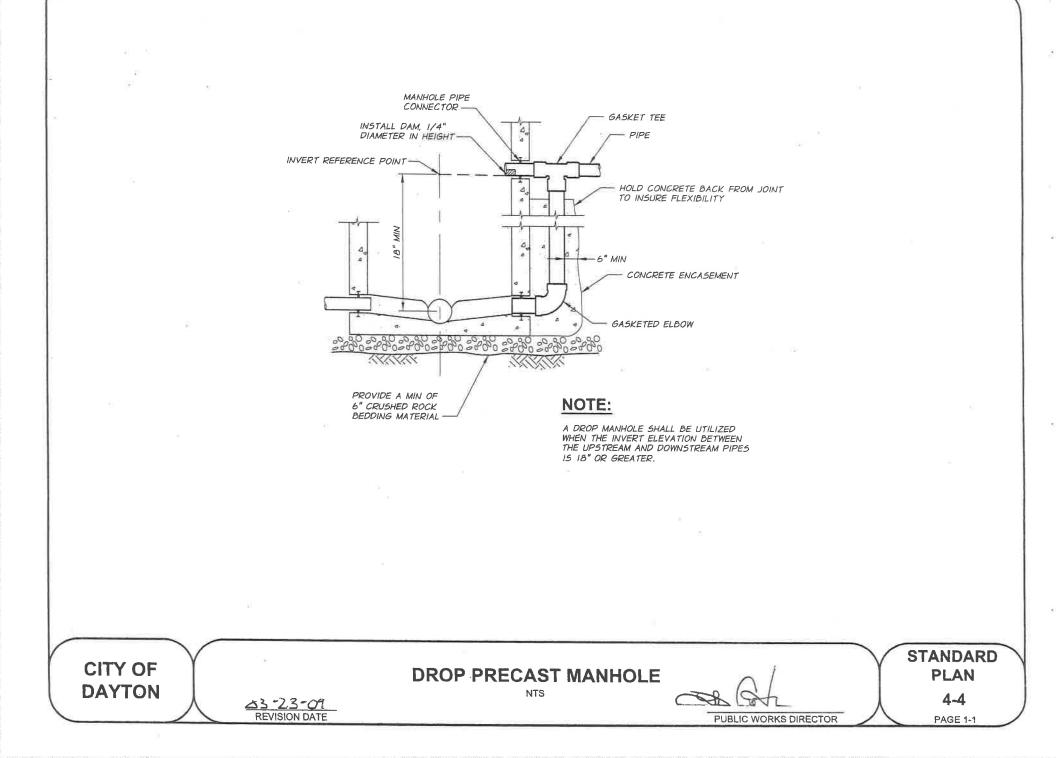


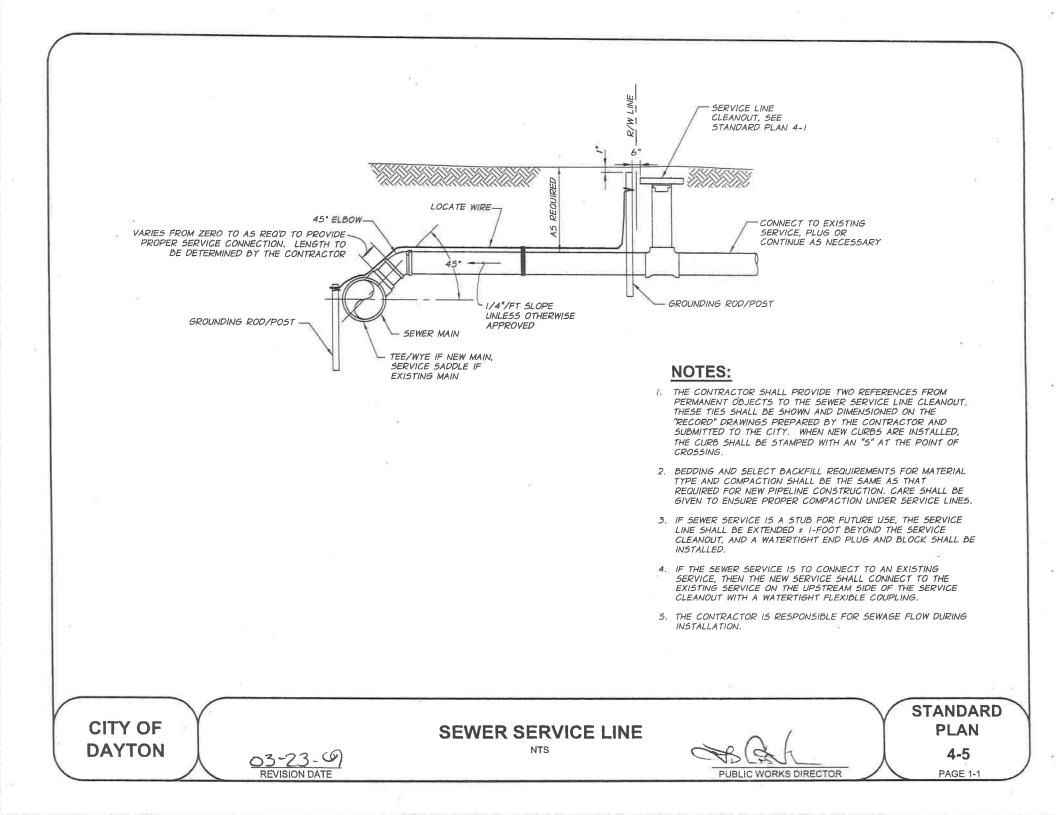
DIAMETER	WALL THICKNESS	BASE	MAXIMUM KNOCKOUT	MINIMUM DISTANCE BETWEEN KNOCKOUTS	BASE REINFORCING STEEL IN ² /ft. IN EACH DIRECTION	
			SIZE		SEPARATE BASE	INTEGRAL BASE
48"	4"	6"	36*	8*	0.23	0.15
54"	4.5"	8"	42"	8*	0.19	0.19
60"	5"	8"	48"	8"	0.25	0.25

MANHOLE DIMENSION TABLE

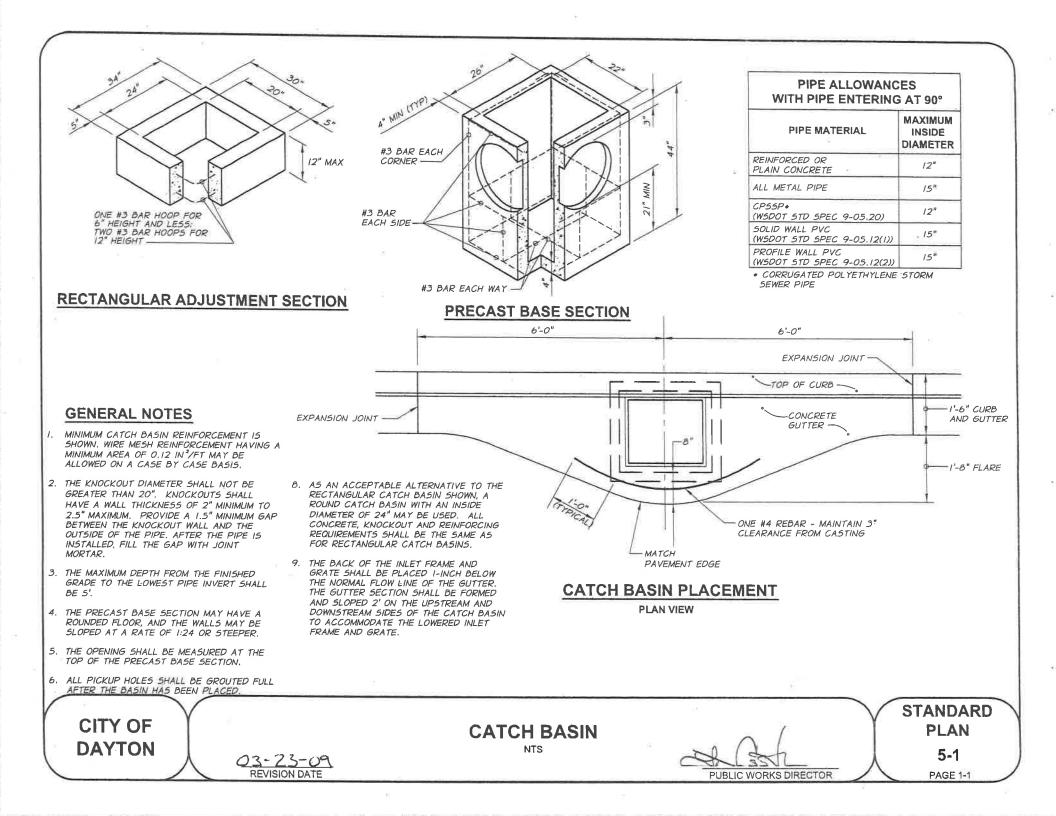


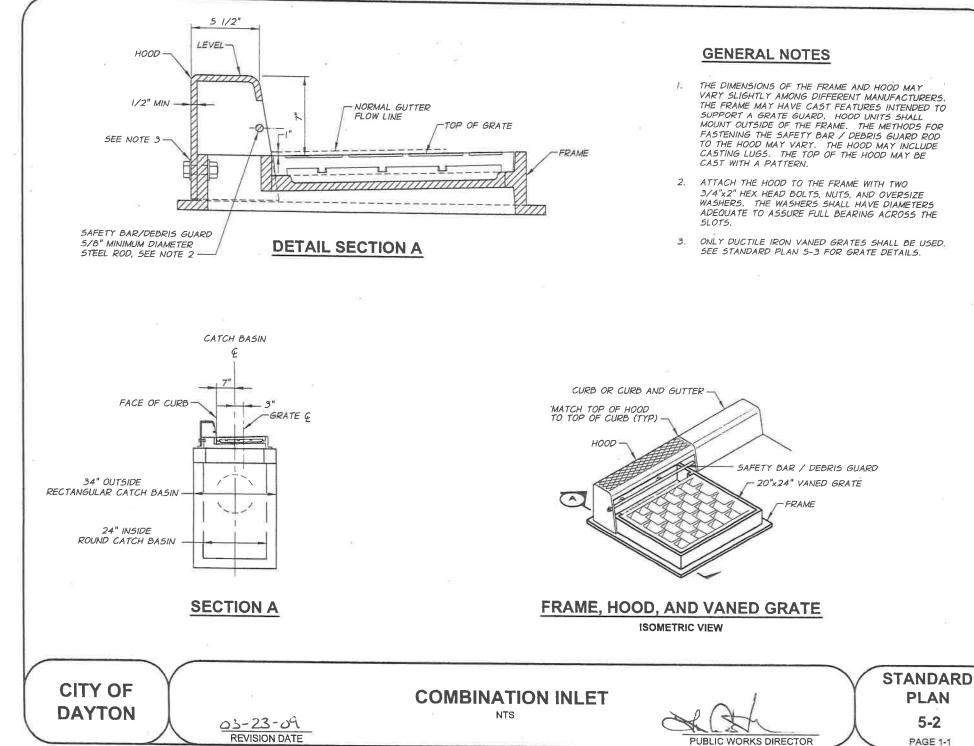


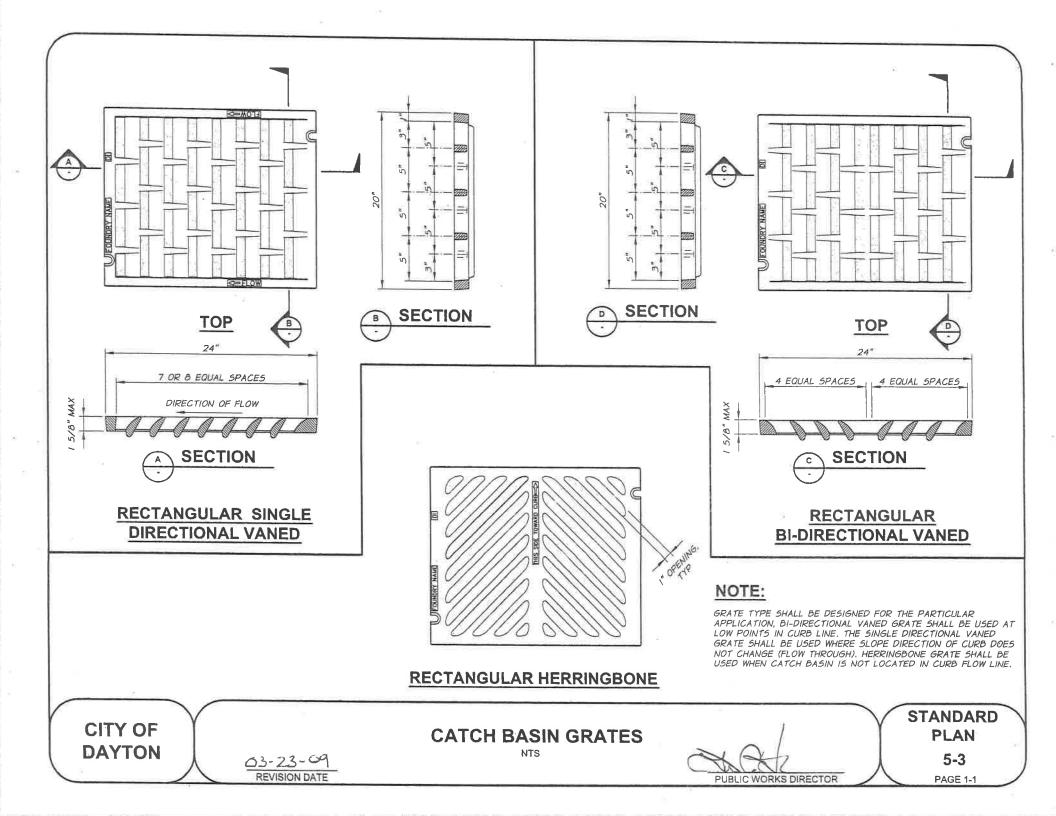




STORM SEWER







APPENDIX

RESOLUTION NO. 1256

A RESOLUTION OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF DAYTON, WASHINGTON, AMENDING DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS, SPECIFICATIONS AND STANDARDS PLANS FOR THE CITY OF DAYTON, ADDING TWO NEW SECTIONS "VEGETATION SIGHT DISTANCE AND CLEARANCE STANDARDS" AND "DEVIATIONS FROM STANDARDS".

WHEREAS, this resolution amends the City of Dayton Development Standards, Specifications and Standards Plans adopted by Resolution 1160 and amended under Resolutions 1077, 1177, 1210 and 1236.

WHEREAS, the "Development Standards" Chapter of the Development Standards, Specifications and Standards Plans is amended, adding new sections "Vegetation Sight Distance and Clearance Standards" and "Deviations from Standards".

WHEREAS, the purpose of the amendment to the City of Dayton Development Standards, Specifications and Standards Plans is twofold:

- a. Establish vegetation clearance in right-of way, streets, sidewalks and sight triangles, and
- b. Establish a review process for deviation from Development Standards, Specifications and Standards Plans

WHEREAS, the adoption of "Vegetation Sight Distance and Clearance Standards" will establish measures for safety of both drivers of moving vehicles and pedestrians.

WHEREAS, the process to allow for deviation from City of Dayton Development Standards, Specifications and Standards Plans will provide the City with a means to consider alterative designs, new technologies and/or special circumstances when considering development which include plans for city infrastructure improvements.

WHEREAS, this amendment was identified as Docket Item DR14-005 as part of a series of amendments considered by the City under the umbrella of the 2014 Comprehensive Plan and Development Regulations Update. The final docket was approved by the City Council on Nov. 24, 2014 at their regularly scheduled meeting. The docketed items address Comprehensive Plan Policies, Text, Subarea Plans and Maps; Zoning Code and Maps; Critical Areas Codes and Maps; and City of Dayton Development Standards, Specifications and Standards Plans amendments. WHEREAS, the City was the lead agency as defined in the State Environmental Policy Act (SEPA) and issued a threshold determination of non-significance (DNS) on Dec. 1, 2014, stating that the series of amendments with the 2014 Comprehensive Plan and Development Regulations Update would <u>not</u> have a probable significant impact on the environment. The comment and appeal period ended on December 18, 2014.

WHEREAS, public outreach to the community was performed. The public was invited to submit individual docket applications. Newspaper notice, notice to agencies, tribes and community groups; and posting of notice and docket items on the City website and City Hall was accomplished. Key stakeholders identified by the jurisdiction were also invited, to review and comment on the amendments.

WHEREAS, the Dayton Planning Commission conducted a public meeting on Nov. 18, 2014 where they were presented the draft amendments to the City of Dayton Development Standards, Specifications and Standards Plans. On behalf of the City Council, they held public hearings on Dec. 16 2014, Jan. 6, 2015 and Jan.16, 2015 regarding the amendments; and considered alternative standards adopted by other jurisdictions, written correspondence and testimony submitted prior to the close of the public hearings.

WHEREAS, the Dayton Planning Commission serves the City Council making advisory recommendation to the Dayton City Council in the matters of land use, plans, policies, codes and standards. After the close of the public hearings, on January 20, 2015, the Dayton Planning Commission recommended to the Dayton City Council, the addition of these two new Development Standards, Specifications and Standards Plans sections titled, "Vegetation Sight Distance and Clearance Standards" and "Deviations from Standards".

WHEREAS, the Dayton City Council recognizes the Dayton Planning Commission's abilities to provide sound advice, together with providing the greatest possible benefits for the citizens of Dayton; and,

NOW, THEREFORE, the City Council of the City of Dayton, Washington does hereby resolve as follows:

Section 1. The Development Standards, Specifications and Standards Plans, adopted by Resolution 1160 and amended under Resolutions 1077, 1177, 1210 and 1236, is hereby amended adding two new sections "Vegetation Sight Distance and Clearance Standards" and "Deviations from Standards" to the Development Standards Chapter as stated in Sections 2 and 3 below..

Section 2. Development Standards New Section, "Vegetation Sight Distance and Clearance Standards":

2.8 Vegetation Sight Distance and Clearance Standards

2.8.1. Road and Sidewalk Clearance Standards

- 2.8.1.1 Vegetation that is a hazard to pedestrians or vehicular traffic by reducing visibility, obstructing travel, or posing any other safety risk shall be maintained to reduce the hazard.
- 2.8.1.2 Sidewalk Clearance Standard

Sidewalks and designated areas for pedestrian travel shall be cleared of overhead vegetation. The minimum height for overhead vegetation is 7-9 feet above the sidewalk, and will be considered a trigger for management activities. Trimming may be deferred if trimming will cause a reduction in tree health.

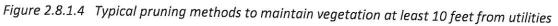
2.8.1.3 Roadway Clearance Standard

Streets and roadways for vehicular traffic shall be cleared of overhead vegetation. The minimum height for overhead vegetation is 14 feet above travel lanes and 12-14 feet above street side of the curb. These heights are the trigger for management, pruning and trimming activities. Trimming may be deferred if trimming will cause a reduction in tree health.

2.8.1.4 Utility Clearance Standards

This type of pruning is generally conducted by utility companies to maintain the integrity and safety of utility lines. The general rule is to maintain vegetation at least 10 feet from utility lines.





2.8.2 Proper Sight Distance Standards

- 2.8.2.1 General Sight Distance Standards:
 - a. Provide safe sight distance for vehicles entering roadways from, side roads, driveways, parking lots, and alleys.
 - b. Promote low-growing vegetation in areas that require adequate sight distance for safety, primarily inside corners, driveways, and intersections.
 - c. Prune or remove vegetation that obstructs motorist or pedestrian view of traffic signs and signals, street lights and name signs, or other safety fixtures or marking placed in the public right-of-way.

- d. Prune for safety and visibility first, tree health and aesthetics second.
- e. Prune or remove vegetation that obstructs access to use of any public facility.

2.8.2.2 Intersections

- a. No vegetation obscuring sight triangle.
- b. Prune tree limbs to minimum of 10 ft. over sidewalks when practicable and does not reduce overall tree health.
- c. Prune tree limbs to minimum of 14 ft. above travel lanes and 12-14 feet above street side of the curb.
- d. No vegetation other than trees shall exceed 30" in height.
- e. Maintain safe sight distance for pedestrians and vehicle traffic by pruning or removing trees and other obstructing vegetation.

2.8.2.3. Inside Corners

- a. No vegetation obscuring an inside corner sight triangle.
- b. Prune existing tree limbs to a minimum of 10 ft. height at inside corners when practicable and does not reduce overall tree health.
- c. Trees should not be planted within inside corners to maintain safe sight distances.
- d. Maintain safe sight distance for pedestrians and vehicle traffic by pruning or removing trees and other obstructing vegetation.
- e. Inside corners shall have no vegetation exceeding 30" in height, or below 10 feet in height.
- 2.8.2.4. Sight Triangle provisions of Section 2.8 shall not apply to:
 - a. Buildings which were existing prior to passage of the ordinance codified in this Code;
 - b. Public utility poles;
 - c. Trees, so long as they are not planted in the form of a hedge and are trimmed to the trunk to a height per Section 2.8, so as to leave, in all seasons, a clear and unobstructed cross view;
 - d. Official warning signs or signals;
 - e. Properties where the existing contour of the ground penetrates above the maximum two and one-half (2-1/2) feet height limitation
 - f. Fences, landscaping, signage and structures on private property in compliance with Title 11 Zoning Code "Vision clearance area requirements".

2.8.2.5 Sight Triangle Definitions

- a. Intersection Types:
 - 1) <u>All-way Stop Controlled</u>. This is the same as a 4-way Stop, except that it applies equally to intersections with three, four, five or more intersecting streets. It means that all vehicles must come to a complete stop before entering the intersection and that they yield to other vehicles that have the right of way.

- 2) <u>Four-way Stop controlled</u>. This is the traditional four leg intersection where traffic on all four legs come to a complete stop before entering the intersection and that they yield to other vehicles that have the right of way.
- 3) <u>Two-way Stop controlled</u>. This is the traditional intersection of at least two streets where the traffic on one street is required to stop while traffic on the other does not stop.
- 4) <u>Uncontrolled Intersection</u>. This is the typical neighborhood street intersection, where traffic volumes are low and traffic on neither is given the right of way over the other. The basic rule of driving governs traffic entering the intersection.
- b. Sight Triangle Dimensions
 - 1) <u>Uncontrolled Intersections</u>. At uncontrolled intersections, the Sight Triangle shall be formed by measuring from the intersection of the extended curb line or the traveled right-of-way (if no curbs exist) of the adjacent street to a distance of fifty (50) feet from the corner point. The third side of the triangle is the straight line connecting the two (2) fifty (50) foot sides. See Figure 2.8.2.4.b.1) below for Uncontrolled Intersection.

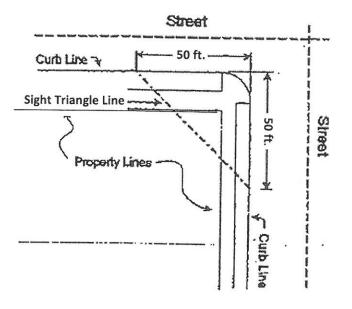


Figure 2.8.2.5.b.1) - Uncontrolled Intersection.

2) <u>Two Way and Yield Controlled Intersections.</u> At two-way stop and yield controlled right angle intersections, the stop or yield controlled street side of the Sight Triangle shall be a distance of fifteen (15) feet measured from the intersection of the extended curb line or the traveled right-of-way (if no curb exists). The major street side of the triangle shall be a factor of the posted speed of the major street as noted in Table 2.8.2.5.b.2) measured along the extended curb line or the traveled right-of-way (if not curb exists.) The third side of the triangle is the straight line connecting the above defined lines. (Refer to Figure 2.8.2.5.b.2), Two Way and Yield Controlled Intersection.) Where the intersection of the two streets forms an angle other than a right angle, the sight distance measurement along the major street shall be determined by the City Engineer based upon a traffic study. In no case will the acute angle sight distance be less than those shown in See Figure 2.8.2.5.b.2) below for Two Way and Yield Controlled Intersections.

Table 2.8.2.5.b.2) Controlled Intersection Major Street Distances

eds Distance along Curbline		
85 feet		
110 feet		
130 feet		

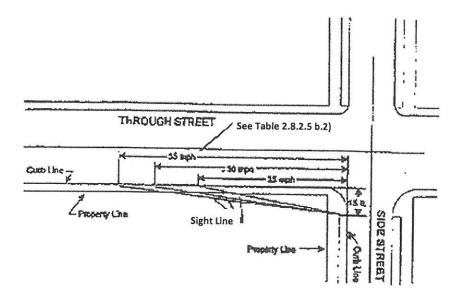


Figure 2.8.2.5 b.2) Two Way and Yield Controlled Intersection Major Street Distances

- 3) Other Intersections and Corners:
 - Signalized Intersections;
 - All-way stop controlled Intersections;
 - Alley with Public Right-of-Way Intersections; and
 - Driveway with Public Right-of-Way Intersections.
 - All such intersections shall maintain a sight triangle. The sides of the triangle forming the corner angle shall be fifteen (15) feet measured along the extended curb line (or the traveled right-of-way if no curbs exist) and along the edge of the driveway or alley. The third side of the triangle is the straight line connecting the two (2) fifteen (15) foot sides.
 - *II. The area between the triangle and the edge of the traveled right-of-way of the street shall also be kept clear of visual obstructions.*
 - STREET Travel Lane
 - III. Intersection, illustrates the requirements of this Section.

Section 3. Development Standards New Section, "Deviation from Standards":

2.9 Deviation from Standards

2.9.1 Purpose:

It is the intent of these design standards to allow the design professional maximum latitude in the design of facilities within the City while keeping within the realm of acceptable design practice. In order to provide this latitude, it is recognized that there is a certain amount of discretion inherent in implementing standards. The Mayor or his designee shall make the final determination of the adequacy of the design parameters and standards employed on a particular project.

- 2.9.2 Process:
 - 2.9.2.1 The Request for a Deviation from Standards shall be in writing and state the nature of the request, why the deviation is necessary and identify both adverse and beneficial impacts. The deviation shall include supporting calculations demonstrating how the request meets the intent of the City Development Standards, references for resource materials pertinent to the request and other supporting documents.
- 2.9.2.2. The City may require that an engineering analysis of alternatives be submitted prior to issuing a decision.
- 2.9.2.3. The Request for Deviation from Standards shall be signed and sealed by a professional engineer qualified in the area of expertise.
- 2.9.2.4. The Mayor or his designee shall consult with the City's Public Works Director, contracted engineering firm and Planning Director and may consult with other agencies determined to have expertise prior to completing a review and issuing a final written decision on the deviation request.

2.9.3 Justification:

Deviations from these Standards may be granted by the Mayor or his designee in writing upon written evidence from the Project Sponsor that:

- 2.9.3.1 Sufficient documentation has been submitted to issue a decision, and
- 2.9.3.2 The proposed deviation will not result in non-compliance with development conditions imposed upon a project by Public Works, Planning Department, Building Department, Hearing Examiner and/or City Council, and
- 2.9.3.3 The deviation will not otherwise result in non-compliance with any other applicable code.
- 2.9.3.4 Deviations are based upon sound engineering principles, and
- 2.9.3.5 Deviations meet requirements for safety, function, appearance, environmental protection, and maintainability. Public safety outweighs economic feasibility and physical constraints, and
- 2.9.3.6 The deviation will produce a compensating or comparable result that is in the public interest, and

2.9.4 Application:

- 2.9.4.1 The Request for a Deviation from Standards shall be in writing, and state:
 - a. The nature of the request,
 - b. The proposed deviations,
 - c. Standard(s) to be varied,
 - d. Why the deviation is necessary,
 - e. Identify both adverse and beneficial impacts,
- 2.9.4.2. The deviation shall include:
 - a. Supporting calculations demonstrating how the request meets the intent of the City Development Standards,
 - b. References for resource materials pertinent to the request and other supporting documents.
- 2.9.4.3 The City may require that an engineering analysis of alternatives be submitted prior to issuing a decision.
- 2.9.4.4 The City shall require that the Request for Deviation from Standards be signed and sealed by a professional engineer qualified in the area of expertise.
- 2.9.4.5 Sufficient funds to cover estimated hourly review costs for the City contracted engineering firm. Unused funds will be reimbursed to the person named in the application submittal.

PASSED by the City Council of the City of Dayton, Washington this 4^{11} day of February, 2015.

Craig George, Mayor

Attest:

Trina Cole, City Clerk-Treasurer

RESOLUTION NO. 1236

A RESOLUTION OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF DAYTON, WASHINGTON, REPEALING THE FEE SCHEDULE ADOPTED IN RESOLUTION NO. 1177 AND ADOPTING A NEW FEE SCHEDULE FOR LAND USE APPLICATIONS, REVIEWS AND PROCESSING.

WHEREAS, the City is authorized under RCW 35A.11.020 and RCW 35A.63.100 to impose fees to recoup costs of processing and/or providing services; and

WHEREAS, the City has established a schedule of fees for certain land use applications and/or permits processed by the City of Dayton Planning Department; and,

WHEREAS, the City last reviewed and updated said Fee Schedule on December 21, 2009; and,

WHEREAS, certain costs to the City including direct costs associated with processing individual land use project applications have increased so that the current Fee Schedule does not adequately reflect the fiscal burden of the City; and,

NOW, THEREFORE, the City Council of the City of Dayton, Columbia County, Washington, hereby resolves as follows:

Section 1. Repealed. The Fee Schedule attached as Exhibit "A", City of Dayton Resolution No. 1177, is hereby repealed in its entirety effective January 14, 2014.

Section 2. Fee Schedule. The City of Dayton hereby adopts the "CITY OF DAYTON, FEE SCHEDULE FOR LAND USE APPLICATIONS, REVIEWS AND PROCESSES" as attached hereto, identified as Exhibit "B", and hereby incorporated in full by this reference, for the various Land Use Related Permits and Actions.

<u>Section 3. Severability.</u> If any section, sentence clause or phrase of this resolution should be held to be invalid or unconstitutional by a court of competent jurisdiction, such invalidity or unconstitutionality shall not affect the validity or constitutionality of any other section, sentence, clause or phrase of this resolution.

<u>Section 4. Effective Date.</u> The Fee Schedule adopted by this resolution shall be effective January 14, 2014. Any act consistent with the authority and prior to the effective date of the resolution is hereby ratified and confirmed.

<u>Section 5. Savings Clause.</u> Resolution No. 1177 which is repealed by this resolution, shall remain in full force and effect until the effective date of the Resolution, and shall remain in full force and effect in the event this resolution is invalidated in its entirety.

PASSED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF DAYTON, COLUMBIA COUNTY, WASHINGTON, this $/3'^{\mu}$ day of <u>JANUARY</u>, 2014.

City of Dayton

Craig George, Mayor

Attest:

Trina Cole, City Clerk-Treasurer

CITY OF DAYTON FEE SCHEDULE* LAND USE APPLICATIONS/REVIEWS/PROCESSING

GENERAL PROCESSING	· · · · ·
Pre-Application Meeting	\$100 review/meeting - If a land use application is filed within 6 months of the pre-application meeting date, this fee will be credited to the land use application. (Credit <u>cannot</u> be awarded to a building permit application)
Zoning Certification Letter	\$75
Open Record Hearing	Application fee plus Hearing Examiner costs
Closed Record Appeal	\$100 plus Hearing Examiner costs
Reconsideration	\$50 for administrative decision or if applicable additional Hearing Examiner costs.
NOTICE	
Notice Board - Posting on-site	Applicant's Responsible for purchase of sign and installation
STATE ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY ACT (SEPA) 8	ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEWS
Categorical Exemption Documentation	\$ 50 – only if written letter requested
Threshold Determination - DNS/MDNS/DS	\$400
Critical Area Review or Special Study Review (such as – flood hazard, wetland, riparian area, landslide, seismic and critical aquifer)	\$250 for each Critical Area Review or Study Review plus City consultant costs, if required
Special Studies Review:	\$250 for each Study - plus City consultant costs, if
Traffic, Shoreline, Noise and other	required
EIS (Environmental Impact Statement)	Cost Agreement as determined
LAND USE APPLICATIONS	
Rezone	\$500 plus \$25 per acre & hearing examiner costs
Minor Variances: 10% or Less for Zoning and Critical Area Ordinance (CAO)	\$150 plus CAO or special study review as needed
Variance	\$200 plus Hearing Examiner costs
Conditional Use Permit	\$250 plus Hearing Examiner costs
Essential Public Facility	\$250 plus Hearing Examiner costs
Site Development Plan	\$350 non-residential
Mobile / Manufactured Home Park	\$400 plus \$25 each space, Hearing Examiner costs & city engineering consultant costs
Minor Site Plan modification	\$100
Reasonable Use Exception	\$200 plus Hearing Examiner costs
Public Agency and Utility Exception	\$200 plus Hearing Examiner costs
Administrative Interpretations	\$100
ign Permit – Planning/Sign Code compliance review	\$20 (each review) plus building code review fees

CITY OF DAYTON FEE SCHED ULE* LAND USE APPLICATIONS and PERMITS Cont.

ENGINEERING			
Permit Review	City engineering consultant costs		
Surface Water Management Standards Variances	\$100 plus City engineering consultant costs		
Alternative Design for Streets	\$100 plus City engineering consultant costs		
Street Easements & Vacations:	\$200		
LAND DIVISION			
Subdivision Preliminary	\$400 plus \$ 25 for each lot, City engineering consultant costs & Hearing Examiner costs		
Major Preliminary Plat Revisions	\$250 plus \$25 for each new or revised lot, City engineering consultant costs & Hearing Examiner costs		
Subdivision Final	\$250 plus City engineering consultant costs		
Short Plat Preliminary	\$400 plus City engineering consultant costs		
Short Plat Final	\$100 plus City engineering consultant costs		
Boundary Line Adjustment/ Lot Merger	\$50		
Plat Vacations and Alterations	\$200 plus City engineering consultant costs & Hearing Examiner costs		
SHORELINE MANAGEMENT			
Shoreline Management Re-Designation	\$500 plus \$25 per acre & Hearing Examiner costs		
Shoreline Exemption	\$75		
Shoreline Substantial Development Permit (SSDP)	\$250		
Minor revisions to SSDP	\$100		
Shoreline Conditional Use Permit	\$250 plus Hearing Examiner costs		
Shoreline Variance	\$250 plus Hearing Examiner costs		
COMPREHENSIVE PLAN AMENDMENT (CPA)			
CPA Text Amendment	\$200 per policy		
СРА Мар	\$200 per designation & plus mapping costs		
Development Code Text Amendment	\$200 per Code Section		
Coning Map Amendment (only with a CPA Map Change)	\$200 per zone plus mapping costs		
Development Agreement	Cost Agreement as determined		
Annexation	\$300 plus mapping and city engineering costs		
The Mayor or his designed may weive			

* The Mayor or his designee may waive or reduce fees, if such waiver or reduction is justified by the applicant.

RESOLUTION NO. 1210

A RESOLUTION OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF DAYTON, COLUMBIA COUNTY, WASHINGTON AMENDING THE 2008 CITY OF DAYTON, WASHINGTON DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS, SPECIFICATIONS AND STANDARD PLANS

WHEREAS, the City recognized the need to update the 2008 Development Standards, Specifications, and Standard Plans for development and improvements to the City's street, water, wastewater and storm water systems; and,

WHEREAS, Anderson Perry & Associates assisted in creating the City of Dayton, Washington Development Standards, Specifications, and Standard Plans modifications; and

WHEREAS, the Public Works Director has reviewed and recommends adoption of the 2008 City of Dayton, Washington Development Standards, Specifications, and Standard Plans modifications.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF DAYTON, COLUMBIA COUNTY, WASHINGTON:

<u>Section 1.</u> The 2008 City of Dayton, Washington Development Standards, Specifications, and Standard Plans for development and/or improvements to the City's street, water, wastewater and storm water systems shall be amended as provided in Exhibit "A".

<u>Section 2.</u> The Public Works Director or his designee shall review and approve all plans and specifications before approval of any development or improvement project.

PASSED by the City Council of the City of Dayton, Washington on this $\underline{9^{TH}}$ day of \underline{APRIc} , 2012.

Craig George, Mayor

Attest:

Trina Cole, City Clerk-Treasurer

Site Plan Application Placeholder

SEPA Checklist Placeholder

Shorelines Permit Application Placeholder

Short Plat Application Placeholder

Preliminary Long Plat Application Placeholder

Boundary Line Adjustment Application Placeholder Flood Hazard Development Permit Application Placeholder **Critical Area Permit Application Placeholder**

CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT (EXAMPLE)

For and in consideration of the performances to be rendered by the City as stated herein who reside at

as the Grantors, do hereby grant and convey unto the City of Dayton, a Municipal Corporation of the State of Washington, a construction easement on the terms and conditions stated below;

- 1. The portion of the Grantor's property subject to this easement is 10 feet wide along the entire portion of the property adjacent to South Third Street.
- 2. This easement is granted for the following purposes:
 - a. The City, its representatives, and contractors may use the easement as a work area as necessary and incidental to the construction of a new sidewalk adjacent to the easement; and
 - b. The City, its representatives, and contractors are granted the right to permanently regrade the ground surface within the easement area to match the new sidewalk elevation and to reconstruct driveways, walkways, and steps as may be necessary to match the new sidewalk elevation.
- 3. The rights herein granted to use the easement area as a work area for construction shall terminate on November 1, 2008.
- 4. Subject to the right of the City to permanently regrade the ground surface and reconstruct driveways, walkways, and steps as may be necessary to match the new sidewalk elevation, the City shall not later than November 1, 2008, repair any damage caused to the easement property caused by the City, its representatives, or contractors as a result of the use of the area as a work area in connection with the City's sidewalk reconstruction project.

Dated this	day of	2008.
	Signed:	

DEVELOPER'S

CERTIFICATION OF PROJECT

City of Dayton			
111 S. First Street Dayton, WA 99328 Phone: (509) 382-2361	Fax: (509) 382-2539		
	111 S. First Street Dayton, WA 99328		

I was the design engineer/developer on the above-referenced project and I, or my authorized representative, did supervise and inspect the construction.

I certify that such construction was inspected and found to be in accordance with the plans and specifications, including any changes therein approved by the City of Dayton.

Supplemental inspections were made by:

Developer/Engineer's Signature

Date

Attach copies of all inspection reports.

DEVELOPER'S

WARRANTY OF PROJECT

Project Name:	
Project Location:	

The Developer herein listed hereby guarantees all material and equipment furnished, and work performed in relation to the listed project, against any defect in materials or workmanship which becomes evident within **one year** after the acceptance of the work by the City

A warranty bond or cash deposit in the amount of \$_____ has been submitted to the City of an amount which equals twenty-five (25) percent of the value of the improvements as determined by the City.

Said surety shall remain in full force and effect during the one-year warranty period and correction of any faulty work or materials shall be promptly executed by the developer, or, if corrected by the City, shall be the responsibility of the surety.

City of Dayton	Developer:
111 S. First Street	
Dayton, WA 99328	
(509) 382-2361	
(509) 382-2539	
Signature of City's Representative	Signature of Developer's Representative
Date	Date
Title	Title

TRANSMITTAL OF SHOP DRAWINGS, EQUIPMENT DATA, MATERIAL SAMPLES, OR MANUFACTURER'S CERTIFICATES OF COMPLIANCE				DATE	NO.	
	SECTION 1 – REQUEST FOR APPROVAL OF THE FOLLOWING ITEMS (This section will be initiated by the Contractor)					
TO ENGI	NEER/CITY:	FROM CONTRACTOR:		PROJECT		CHECK ONE: THIS IS A NEW TRANSMITTAL THIS IS A RESUBMITTAL OF TRANSMITTAL
ITEM	DESCRIPTION OF ITEM SUBMITTED	MRG. OR CONTR. CAT. CURVE DRAWING	No. OF	CONTRACT REFE	RENCE DOCUMENT	
No.	(Type, size, model number, etc.)	OR BROCHURE NO.	COPIES	SPEC. SECTION NO.	DRAWING SHEET NO.	COMMENTS
REMARKS			I certify that the above-submitted items have been reviewed in detail and are correct and in strict conformance with the contract drawings and specifications except as otherwise stated.			
				NAME AND SIGNATURE O	CONTRACTOR	